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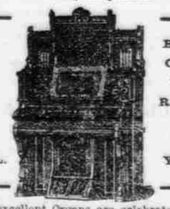

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(Continued from last week.)

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(To be continued.)

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A VALENTINE.

Your gran'ma, in her youth, was quite
As blithe a little maid as you,
And, though her hair is snowy white,
Her eyes still have the maiden blue;
And on her cheeks, as fair as thine,
Methinks a girlish blush would glow
If you recalled the valentine
She got, ah! many years ago.

A valorous youth loved gran'ma then,
And wooed her in that auld lang syne;
And first he told his secret when
He sent the maid that valentine.
No perfumed page or sheet of gold
Was that first hint of love he sent,
But with the secret gran'pa told—
"I love you"—gran'ma was content.

Go, ask your gran'ma if you will,
If—though her head was bowed and gray—
If—though her feeble pulse be chill—
True love abideth not for aye.
But that quaint portrait on the wall,
That smiles upon her from above,
Methinks your gran'ma can recall
The sweet divinity of love.

Dear Elsie, here's no page of gold—
No sheet embossed with cunning art—
But there's the solemn pledge of old:
"I love you, love, with all my heart."
And if in what I send you here
You read not all of love express'd,
Go—go to gran'ma, Elsie dear,
And she will tell you all the rest!
—*Chicago News.*

ONLY HERSELF TO BLAME.

In the broad back porch of a pleasant farmhouse sat two girls engaged in some light needlework. The porch was shaded by the wide branches of an elm, beneath which, at a table sat a tall, good-looking young man, partaking of an eleven o'clock lunch.

He was evidently just from the field, for he was in his shirt sleeves, and a sunburnt straw hat lay on the grass, while he partook, with a healthy, hearty appetite, of the light biscuits and fresh milk and butter placed before him.

And as he ate he looked at the two young girls in the porch, particularly the prettier of the two, whose light-yellow hair the breeze had 'fluffed' most becomingly about her fair face.

She had something of a coquettish look and air, while her companion was quiet, with thoughtful grey eyes and an almost diffident expression.

'Mother,' called the young man presently, looking towards the open kitchen window, 'some more milk if you please.'

Mrs. Wheeler came to the door with her sleeves rolled up, and a small pitcher in her hand.

Both girls rose to take it from her; but she placed it, as if instinctively, in the hands of the light haired girl, saying:

'Tom seems thirsty to-day; but meadowing in July is warm work.'

'And hungry work, too,' Tom remarked, laughing. 'Thank you, Lottie; but won't you stay and talk to me here while I eat?'

'No, indeed; I've too much to do to be able to waste my time here in chatting.'

'Why, that's something new? Don't you always sit and talk to me at lunch time?'

'Not always, by any means. And because I've done it occasionally is no reason why I should keep on doing it all my life.'

He looked up at her enquiringly.

'What's the matter, Lottie? Anything happened to vex you?'

'No, indeed! How unreasonable you are, Tom! If I am not always laughing and chattering, you think I am out of temper.'

The girls on the porch looked up gravely from one to the other, but said nothing.

Tom sipped his milk slowly. His appetite seemed suddenly to have deserted him.

The girl stood at a little distance, partly turned from him and sewing on the ruffle in her hand.

After a while, setting down his empty mug, he said in a lower tone:

'Lottie, wouldn't you like to drive to the picnic to morrow in my new buggy?'

'I don't know that I am going,' she answered without raising her head.

'Not going! Why, for what reason?'

'It will be so hot and the road so dusty,' she answered hesitatingly.

'Well, I don't wish to take you against your will,' he answered a little coldly. 'I wonder if Alice will go?'

'I dare say she will. She expected to go in the carryall with the Bartons, but of course she will enjoy a buggy ride more—Won't you Allie?'

So Tom Wheeler, who had intended merely to pique Lottie into accepting his offer, found himself quite unexpectedly drawn into an engagement to take Alice Brown to the next day's picnic.

And what was very puzzling to him—it was entirely Lottie's doings.

What could she mean by it? he wondered—for until now she had never refused his escort anywhere.

Lottie was distantly related to the Wheelers, and was in the habit of paying frequent little visits to the farmhouse.

Mrs. Wheeler liked to have young people about her, and she was, moreover, particularly anxious that her only son Tom, should marry and "settle down" with his wife on the farm.

She had seen enough of late to convince her that Lottie was to be her son's choice, and she was well enough satisfied, though the girl was a little "flighty," and not quite so sensible and sterling as she could wish.

But that would wear off after marriage; and Lottie certainly was a fine girl, and Tom loved her; so the mother was quite content to let Tom have his own way.

Only now and then she would catch herself wondering whether Alice Brown the niece of a neighbor and school friend of hers, would not make Tom a more suitable wife, and herself a more desirable daughter-in-law.

That evening Tom Wheeler, coming up from the meadow, caught a distant view of Lottie and Alice in a lane leading to a private road which ran as a boundary line between his farm and that of Squire Redmond.

Alice was gathering flowers in the hedge, while Lottie swung on the gate with careless grace peculiar to her, in conversation with a nice young man, whose whole appearance bespoke him from the city.

A momentary jealous pang shot through Tom's heart.

He remembered that in the last week or two, 'Squire Redmond's nephew, Mr. Archie Redmond, had several times called to see Lottie, and only last Sunday had walked home with her from church across the meadows.

Now walking slowly, he watched the two, until the gentleman, lifting his hat, turned away, and Alice and Lottie came up the lane towards the house.

Then Tom hastened his steps and overtook them.

'Where have you been?' he enquired.

'To 'Squire Redmond's, to see Miss Marion Redmond,' answered Lottie who was looking bright and smiling.

'I thought you did not like Miss Redmond,' he returned a little coldly.

'Neither do I. She's so absurdly dignified and self-important. But that's not why we shouldn't visit, being near neighbors and old school mates.'

'I thought you paid the last visit a few days ago,' said Tom.

'Yes,' she answered coloring, 'but this was quite an informal call. I wanted an embroidery pattern.'

'And Mr. Archie walked home with you?'

'As far as the gate. As he had to go to the postoffice, we would not let him come any farther.'

Then she added, looking down and carefully imprinting each footstep in the moist sand:

'I shall see enough of him to-morrow, I suppose, at the picnic.'

'So you are going to the picnic, after all?' said Tom quickly.

She looked up into his face with a charming little smile.

'Now, Tom, you have no right to scold.—If Mr. Redmond had offered to take me through the hot sun and dusty road in a buggy, I would have refused. He knew I had refused your escort under these circumstances, so he proposed that we should walk—He and I and Kate Redmond—through the Marsden Woods. It's a private way you know, and I promised. They say it's a lovely walk, and being a direct path, not too long.' Tom made no answer. Lottie affected not to perceive his moodiness; but was all smiles and sweetness, till near the house he left them and turned off to the stables, to see that the men were properly attending to the stock.

He did not stay long there. He felt tired and depressed, and entering the house, laid himself down upon a comfortable sofa in the parlor

The windows were open, and a cool breeze, laden with the perfume of the roses on the porch, came softly and soothingly in.

Presently he heard the girls coming lightly down stairs, and then Lottie's voice at the porch:

'Where's Tom? Not come in yet, I suppose. Well, we will sit here till supper's ready.'

'Lottie,' said Alice, as the two seated themselves on the bench inside of the screen of roses. 'I suspect that Tom isn't very well pleased, and really, I think you are treating him very badly.'

'How so?'

'You are not kind to him. You know he loves you, and until within a few days, I felt sure that you loved him.'

'Oh, well, we like each other well enough. What have I done to bring upon myself one of your solemn lectures?'

'If you love Tom, why do you encourage Mr. Redmond?'

'Why, Allie, I'm not married to Tom yet, and I don't know that I ever shall be. And, my dear, you ought to know a secret—it's always a good thing to have two strings to your bow. It gives you a choice, you know, if one should fail, you have the other to depend upon.'

'Lottie, you're not in earnest?'

'Indeed I am. I like Tom. He's handsomer than Archie Redmond, and richer, too, with this fine farm all his own, and the money his father left him; but some people would say that Mr. Redmond was a better match altogether.'

'Why, Lottie, if you think in this way you cannot really care for Tom. I felt sure that you and he would make a match.'

'Well, it isn't impossible. Only he hasn't asked me yet.'

'But he will.'

Lottie laughed.

'Suppose he don't? Then I may have Archie Redmond to fall back upon. And suppose I can't get Archie? Then there is Tom.'

Tom Wheeler rose up slowly from the sofa, and walked softly from the room, out into the yard and garden.

'So that is her game, is it? I would not have believed it of her.

Two strings to one bow! Two stools to sit upon, rather. Well, she'll come to the ground for any support she will get out of me.'

The picnic was a very pleasant affair, as everybody said—everybody but Tom Wheeler. Strive as he would against it, he was consumed with jealousy and disappointment; and his unhappiness was apparent to most lookers on. Even Mr. Archie Redmond perceived it.

'What's the matter with Tom Wheeler?' he said, after the latter turned away, after giving an abrupt reply to a remark of his.—'He is not like himself to-day.'

The enquiry was addressed to his cousin, Miss Redmond; but Miss Triplett, the gossip and newsmonger of the neighborhood, took upon herself to reply:

'Why, Mr. Redmond,' said she archly, you ought to know if anyone does.'

'I? What have I to do with it?'

'What a look of injured innocence! But really you ought to be ashamed to flirt so, and cut out poor Tom Wheeler, you naughty man!'

And Miss Triplett smilingly showed her false teeth, and playfully tapped Mr. Redmond on the shoulder with her fan.

'Really, Miss Triplett, you speak in mysteries.'

'You don't really mean to say that you did not know Tom Wheeler is as good as engaged to Lottie Steward? Why it's been an understood fact for a year past.'

Redmond colored. He had admired Lottie, and been much struck with her pretty face and sweet manners; and this news regarding her had somehow affected him unpleasantly.

'I never before heard of this,' he said quietly.

'Is it possible? but then you have been here so short a time. Well, in that case we will exonerate you. But there is no excuse for Lottie Steward. A girl that can change as suddenly as she has towards Tom Wheeler must be altogether heartless.'

Archie Redmond overheard one or two other similar remarks during the day, and watching Lottie closely, he saw that while she gave him undoubted encouragement, she yet seemed anxious to not entirely break off with Tom.

He was pained for he had, unconsciously to himself, become interested in the pretty sprightly girl.

'She is deceiving either him or myself,' he thought, 'and in either case, is not the right sort of a girl for me.'

'Tom;' whispered Lottie, with one of her sweet smiles, 'as Alice is to go home with her mother from the picnic, I'll ride back with you in the buggy. I've told Mr. Redmond, that I'm too tired for the long walk back.'

'Thank you!' said Tom coldly. 'But Allie won't ride home with her mother. I've promised to take her home in my buggy.'

Lottie turned and looked around for Archie Redmond. She would have to explain, and walk back with him, which was no disagreeable prospect, despite her declaration of weariness

The weariness, in fact, had been assumed; for she saw that Tom was not pleased, and wished to put him in a good humor again.

'Where is Mr. Redmond?' she said hastily to Kate, who was at the moment skipping past.

'Cousin Archie? oh he's gone home with the Calverts—Miss Calvert asked him—and I'm going to ride home with mamma and the rest. Not half so nice as walking, is it?'

Poor Lottie! both her bow-strings had failed her—a predicament she had not foreseen, or, to accept Tom's version, she had come to the ground between two stools.

However, a kind neighbor gave her a 'lift' in his wagon, in which situation she had the mortification of seeing Mr. Redmond drive past in Mrs. Calvert's carriage, beside pretty May Calvert, while Tom and Alice, in the new buggy left them far behind.

She was very angry with Tom, though she had to admit to herself that it was all her own fault; and when she left the farm a few days after, she and Tom hadn't quite made it up, neither had Archie Redmond again called upon her.

Lottie had promised to spend Christmas at the farm, and she made up her mind that she would be satisfied with Tom, and marry him after all.

But before Christmas came she had heard two astounding reports. Mr. Archie Redmond was to be married to his cousin, Miss Marion Redmond, and Alice Brown was engaged to—Tom Wheeler! There were to be two big weddings at Christmas, and Lottie was invited to both.

There is no doubt but that she was bitterly disappointed, for as she confessed, she really liked Tom.

But she had also to admit that she was to blame. She had tried to sit on two stools at once, and she had come to the ground.

A STARTLING TALE.

Journeying westward on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road, the other day, two old westerners sat together smoking and chatting, writes a correspondent of the New York *Times*. One of the men was a miner and the other a cattle raiser. The miner first got his feet on the seat ahead of him, and remarked slowly: "Seven years ago this winter was a mighty dull season in our camp. The weather was colder than usual, there wasn't any water, we were short of grub, and the Indians were very troublesome. We had about fifteen or sixteen in the camp, I believe, and we had to go pretty easy with the eatables, so as to make them last. I had been keeping several men there, thinking every day that we'd strike something rich, and when they got more and more dissatisfied I promised them bigger and bigger shares. I suppose I promised mor'n a hundred fortunes that winter, but something told me that if I hung on I would make it. I could see that men were getting about ready to jump me, and that they had begun to look upon me as something of a lunatic. They would hold long conferences together, speaking in low tones, and when I came around they would pretend to be talking about the weather, or something of that kind. I had used them all pretty well, and they hated to leave me, but they were getting uneasy.

One day toward sundown, when I was about ready to give up myself, a young Mexican couple, who was bound for Sonora, struggled into our diggings a good deal the worse for wear. They had been up in Colorado, and had started for home with a team and driver, but the Indians had got on their trail, killed the driver and stolen the horses and wagon. The travelers managed to get away while the driver was holding the savages at bay, and lying in hiding until night fall, they had worked their way on foot into camp. The young woman was one of the prettiest girls I ever saw. She was about sick abed when she arrived, but the next day she was around as chipper as anybody, and the boys were making themselves very agreeable. Says I to myself: 'This is a special dispensation of Providence; if I can keep the girl here for awhile, there will be no trouble about the boys; they will stay, too.' I never heard a word of grumbling from them that day or the next. They just walked around on eggs all the time, and butter wouldn't melt in their mouths.

"I was a little afraid the greaser would get jealous and knife somebody, but then I thought if he does the rest of the boys will finish him, and then we will have the girl anyway. The Mexican seemed anxious to get away, but I made one excuse and another for not helping him right away, and one morning he was missing. He had sloped during the night, leaving the girl to us.—Well, she was pretty well cast down for awhile, but I explained to her that probably her husband had gone on to get horses and an escort, and that he had taken this course because he knew she would object to his going alone. This faint hope seemed to give her some comfort, and the rest of the boys fell in with me, and it became the settled conviction about the camp that he would be back presently. She livened up some, and the boys made themselves very agreeable.—When two weeks had gone by and nothing had been heard of her husband, she insisted on being taken home, and offered us any amount of money, which she said her father would pay, if we would escort her over the border. I began to fear that her husband was never coming back, and, to tell the truth, I had a still stronger suspicion of something else; so I agreed to start with her the next morning at sunrise, and told the boys to be in readiness. That afternoon we heard unearthly screams up one of the gulches a ways, and several of the boys running up with blanched faces to see what the matter was, found the little woman beside a grave, a very shallow grave, into which she had dug far enough to discover the body of her husband. As the boys stood there aghast she sprang to her feet quickly, and, drawing a revolver, shot two of them dead berore any of us could find voice. I threw up my hands and begged of her to desist, and when some of the boys grabbed their guns I pulled mine and made them put them up. Then I got her back to the cabin, disarmed her, set one trusty fellow to watch her, and called the others up into the gulch. We uncovered the dead man and found two bullet holes in his back.

"'Who put them there?' said I sternly to the men.

"'The two men whom she shot,' they answered.

"'Impossible,' says I. 'How could she know?'

"'She didn't know. She just hit them right by chance,' said one of the party.—'We knew when they did it, but we didn't want to say anything about it. They thought to rob him and run off with her, but she seemed to be afraid of them more than of the others?'

"Well, I got kind of tired of that place after that, and when I got ready to take her home, I packed up my own things also, and as we set out I says to the boys: 'Good-by, old men. You can work the claim or not, just as you please. It ain't likely that I'll ever be back here again.' And I never did go back. They slunk away after awhile, too, and I've heard that nobody has worked there since. I took the girl home to her father and left her there. She's there now. Yes, I see her occasionally. In fact, I don't mind telling you she's my wife, and has been for three years.

THE LUCKY SHOT.

'Very wet day, sir,' said the cheery host of the 'Traveler's Rest,' as he assisted me to take off my heavy riding coat.

"Very wet, indeed,' I replied. 'I've had my share of it during my thirty miles ride to-day.'

Mine host conducted me to a room with a cheery fire burning in the grate, and having been served with a good hot supper, I began to feel more comfortable. I drew my chair up to the fire, encased my feet in a pair of easy slippers and filled my pipe preparatory to a quiet smoke, when I was disturbed by the entrance of my host.

'Won't you join the company in the next room, sir? We have a social club held here twice a week, and perhaps they may amuse you during the evening.'

'With pleasure,' I replied. So, taking my pipe, I followed my landlord into the large room, which was almost filled with a numerous company. At the moment of my entrance they were listening with evident satisfaction to a story told by one of their number. My host briefly introduced me, and I took a chair close to the story-teller, and prepared to enjoy my smoke.

"Now, Mr. White, you must begin your story again, in honor of the gentleman. So Mr. White recommenced.

'You must know, gentlemen,' he began, 'that the scene of my tale lies in Australia, just about the time of the gold fever there.'

The tones of the speaker's voice seemed familiar to me, and I gave him a searching look. What did I see? The lobe of his left ear was missing. I half started from my seat, upsetting a glass at my elbow, and startling the company generally.

'I beg pardon, gentlemen; a sudden spasm—that is all?' I stammered out.

'That is the same man,' I soliloquized.

I was supplied with a fresh glass, and Mr. White resumed:

'Well, I was only a young fellow at the time, and got bitten by the gold fever like many other people beside. Every paper contained dazzling accounts of the riches to be found in that far-off land, so at last I made up my mind to go and try my luck. When I told Mary, she cried, and tried to dissuade me, but it was of no use; I was determined; and soon after left home for London, where I entered my name on the books as a steerage passenger on board the clipper-built liner, Australasia.'

'Mary was his sweetheart,' interrupted my left-hand neighbor.

'I well remember the day we sailed. The scene at the docks was very affecting.—Husbands were parting from wives, brothers from sisters, fathers from children, young fellows from their sweethearts, and I was not sorry when the tug towed us out to sea. We were a motley company. There were representatives of all classes—laborers, mechanics, broken-down lawyers, students, clerks, and a sprinkling, too, of the hangers on about town, and even a couple of Methodist ministers. All were going to try their fortunes in the New Eldorado. We had had very good weather during our voyage, and I suffered but little from sea-sickness. I made many acquaintances, but there was one man I took an aversion too. He was called Wapping Bill. He was a tall, broad shouldered fellow with a great shock of red hair and a close cropped beard; a pair of small ferret-like eyes that seemed to vanish beneath his shaggy eyebrows when any one addressed him, and an expression that showed him to be the reverse of a quiet and respectable man.

'In due time we arrived at Melbourne. It was then a mere collection of wooden houses and hastily thrown-up shanties, and was peopled by representatives from nearly all civilized nations on the face of the earth.—Twenty of us formed a party, bought some tools, and proceeded to the diggings on foot. Arriving there, we bought claims, and set to work to unearth the long-talked of gold.—My chum was a steady-going young fellow, called Sandy—a Scotchman. We dug a shaft, hauled up the gold-bearing earth, and washed it into a large box with plates full of holes. The water washed away the earth, leaving the gold in the form of nuggets and dust on the plates. For a week or so we found little or nothing, and my golden dreams began to wane. Then one morning Sandy gave a shout of joy, and hastily ascending the shaft, I saw in the cradle several nuggets of pure gold. I was half mad with delight, and for the rest of the day I worked with the energy of two men. Before nightfall we had more than twenty ounces of small nuggets and dust. We stitched it up in small canvas bags, and hid it for safety in the floor of the tent. We went on this way for months, then our claim began to give out.

'Just about this time a convoy was going to Melbourne to take some gold to the bank there. We therefore agreed to send some of ours to be deposited in the bank and get notes in exchange. When we got to the place of starting I was surprised to see, among the mounted troopers forming the escort, my shock-headed voyager. I mentioned my distrust of him to my chum; and in consequence we only sent half of the intended quantity. The fellow evidently knew I distrusted him, for when I went up with our parcel he gave a malicious look that boded me no good. The escort numbered about ten or fifteen well armed troopers, with a four-horse wagon, and they left early in the morning for their destination.—We gave them three ringing cheers at the boundaries of the camp, and wished them a safe return. I had a singular forboding that I had seen the last of my gold, but I mentioned my fears to none but my chum.

'The day following I went to Mat Dunn's drinking-hut—a place frequented by the lucky finders and loafers—to hear the day's news. The saloon was full of diggers. Some were discussing the day's finds; others were playing poker, the stakes being nuggets of dust; the majority were standing at the bar drinking and smoking. I called for a drink, filled a short cutty, and took a seat among the card-players.

'Well, Tom, how's your luck?' said a broad shouldered Yorkshireman who had come over with me.

'Very poor at present,' I replied.

'Have a hand then, man; winning dust at poker is better than digging.'

'I joined the game and played a while. At last one of the players threw up his hand and said he was cleaned out; so, thinking it might be my turn soon, I stopped. I finished my glass and prepared to leave the room. Just as I got to the door a burly digger came rushing in, almost upsetting me, and uttered the most frightful oaths. The entire saloon was in an uproar in an instant. Revolvers and knives were drawn, and a dozen voices shouted out, 'What's the matter!'

'Matter enough!' cried the invading digger, with another volley of expletives. 'The escort's been attacked, and the gold is gone!'

'Words fail to describe the scene that ensued. Men swore, tore their hair, danced and raved like madmen. When the tumult was somewhat subsided, I managed to make out that the wagon had been attacked in the dead of night, by a party of armed rangers. A fight had taken place, not a trooper had been killed, and the gold had been taken.—The attack had evidently been pre arranged, for half the troopers had been drugged, and were consequently unable to fight. Three of them were reported missing, Wapping Bill among the number. I went off to our tent and told Sandy. 'You're right about the villain, but we'll be even with him yet.'

'We went back to the saloon, where we found nearly all the diggers assembled listening to an account of the affair from one of the troopers. It appeared that shortly after leaving the camp the axletree of the wagon broke, necessitating a stoppage.—Night came on and found them still delayed by the broken wagon. Rain fell and some of the troopers took a little spirits to keep out the cold. About midnight the troopers who were acting as sentries were alarmed by the rush of half a dozen mounted bushrangers. They end

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - FEBRUARY 13, 1885.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA is rapidly recovering from the effects of Mrs. Dudley's pistol shot, and his dynamite admirers in Chicago propose to give him a public reception in that city on the fourth of March, the anniversary of Robert Emmet.

MR. CLEVELAND left New York on Sunday morning and spent the day at Greystone, Mr. Tilden's country residence, near Yonkers, going on to Albany on the following day. Mr. Tilden could give him more solid points than all the politicians who swarmed about the President-elect during his three day's visit to the city.

BARON THOMAS O'HAGAN, one of Ireland's foremost lawyers, died two weeks ago, in the 73rd year of his age. He was a Tyrone county man and was one of Daniel O'Connell's counsel at his memorable trial in Dublin. When Mr. Gladstone became Prime Minister in 1868 Mr. O'Hagan, who was then a Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, was appointed Lord High Chancellor of Ireland, and was the first Catholic elevated to that dignity in modern times.

THREE Democratic members of the Illinois Legislature declare that they will not vote for Wm. R. Morrison, the Democratic nominee for U. S. Senator, while two Republicans are against John A. Logan, the Republican candidate. The two parties are a tie, standing 102 each, and it will take 105 to elect. A ballot was to have been taken on Tuesday last, but as a large number of the members were unable to return to the Capital owing to the railroads being blocked by a terrible snow storm, a recess was taken until 10 o'clock on Wednesday.

A BITTER crusade is being carried on all over the country against skating rinks. The anathemas of the pulpit are showered down upon them, the doctors condemn them, and last week the Grand Jury of Dauphin county inquired into their moral feature at the suggestion of Judge Simonton in his charge, and presented them as a nuisance because they are "detrimental to the health of our young people, and in a great measure destructive of the morals of the youth who frequent them." The rinks certainly have fearful odds against them, but our knowledge of human nature satisfies us that in the battle to be fought they will come out ahead by a large majority.

MR. MILLER, a Republican member of the House from Dauphin county, wants the Legislature to appropriate five thousand dollars to help Harrisburg celebrate its centennial next fall. Miller can't give even a shadow of a reason why the Legislature should take the money of the people for any such purpose. If it does what Miller wants it to do for Harrisburg, other towns in the State as soon as they become one hundred years old, will have the same right to make a raid on the treasury for a like or a larger amount for the same purpose. Meadville will celebrate her centennial in a year or two and why shouldn't she be permitted to put her hand in the treasury and take as much out of it as she thinks will enable her citizens to have a high old time. Such legislation is vicious and altogether without warrant or excuse.

MOST people are of the opinion that if there are not already too many lawyers there are at least enough, but a member of the House from Beaver county, by the name of Sterling, thinks otherwise, and proposes in a bill which he has introduced to allow Prothonotaries who have served a term of three years, to practice law. Of course Sterling's bill will never pass, but it proves that he is a statesman and a man of progress. When he was framing his bill to invent more lawyers why did Sterling stop or draw the line at Prothonotaries, and why didn't he extend the same boon to Registers and Recorders and Sheriffs, and also, as some persons would claim, to Constables? Sterling's bill is a pure specimen of what is known as "legislation run mad," a disease which seems now to prevail at Harrisburg to an extent heretofore not dreamed of.

MR. CLEVELAND spent the last three days of last week in New York for the purpose of enabling prominent Democrats in Congress, as well as others who would journey to that city, to make known to him their views in regard to the selection of his Cabinet advisers and other matters relating to his administration of public affairs. We carefully looked over the newspaper reports of the names of the men in public and private life who called on the President-elect, and took notice of the axes they wanted ground, and we were lost in utter astonishment at the vast amount of good, sound Cabinet material that is lying around loose in nearly every State from Massachusetts to California. Mr. Cleveland listened patiently to what the friends of this, that and the other aspirant had to say in his behalf, but he didn't commit himself in favor of any one of the large number pressed upon him, nor was it expected that he would do so. In regard to his Cabinet Mr. Cleveland's greatest trouble will be in getting the right kind of men for the Treasury and Interior departments. It is said that the former must be given to New York, but we are at a loss for any sound reason why it should be so. Mr. Bayard is better fitted for Secretary of the Treasury than he is for the State department, for which he is so generally named and which he is likely to get if he will take it. There is more rough stealing and swindling in the Interior department than in any other branch of the Government, and a man of stern and inflexible integrity is required to fill it. Mr. Cleveland knows this as well as any one and we fell certain will make no mistake in the man he will select for the position. The make up of his Cabinet will, we believe vindicate his reputation for sound judgement and strong common sense.

THE Geological Commission proposes to continue its raid upon the State treasury indefinitely if the Legislature will consent to become its willing dupe. In his last message Gov. Pattison states that the Geological Survey of the State began in 1875, and since then, and up to last July, it has cost the State over *a million of dollars*. The Governor thinks and says that before any further money is spent upon the survey, there should be some understanding as to when this enormous outlay will cease, whether the value of the subject is commensurate with its cost, and whether the work so far paid for has been economically done and the money judiciously expended. At the session of the Legislature two years ago the Commission asked for an appropriation of fifty thousand dollars to make, or if a part of the work had been done, to finish the survey of the anthracite coal region. Owing to the fact that the demands of the Commission for more money had been so persistent and continuous, there was a strong feeling in the Senate against granting the appropriation. The matter was very fully discussed in that body on several occasions, and the debate will show that in order to wheedle the Senate into the measure one of its most prominent members, speaking, as he said, for the Commission, stated on the floor of Senate that if the appropriation for the specified purpose above named was voted, the work would be completed and no further demand would be made upon the treasury. On this statement being made the appropriation passed. We are very confident that the *Legislative Record* will sustain us in what we have said. The Commission, however, is again on its knees before the Legislature asking for another appropriation of *ninety* thousand dollars for the years 1885 and 1886. For what purpose? Why, of course to continue the anthracite survey, to extend the oil region survey, for several other specified purposes, and generally to continue the work of Prof. Lesley, the State Geologist. Of the character of the survey or its efficiency we know very little, but we do know that very serious complaints have been made about it in several of the papers in the eastern part of the State. Will the Legislature again unlock the treasury vaults to this rapacious Commission, and by doing so enable it to continue its existence *ad infinitum*? We have regarded it for several years past as a huge and impudent fraud and we think such is the opinion of every man in the State who is at all familiar with its history. After an existence of almost ten years at a princely outlay, it ought now in the name of decency and honesty to retire from the public gaze, and the Legislature should say to it, "thus far thou shalt go, but no farther."

WE stated last week that the Legislative apportionment bill which will be passed by the Republicans at the present session, will be so arranged as to give them *thirty two* of the thirty-nine Philadelphia members and the Democrats *seven*. At the Presidential election Philadelphia gave Blaine, in round numbers, one hundred thousand votes and Cleveland seventy-one thousand, and under the proposed arrangement of the Philadelphia districts, it would only require 3,160 Republicans in that city to elect a member to the lower branch of the Legislature, while it would take 10,142 Democrats to do the same thing. In other words, one Republican vote is more than equal to three Democratic votes. Will any man defend that kind of apportionment? Can any man vote for such a proposition without committing moral perjury? When this State was strongly Democratic we always maintained that full justice should be done in framing apportionment bills to the Republican minority, because in a popular government like ours minorities have rights which the majority must respect. To do otherwise is simply a despotic exercise of power based upon the robber doctrine that "he may take who can, and he may keep who's able." We make the same claim now for the Democratic minority in Pennsylvania. The only way by which minorities can be fairly represented in the Legislature is by adopting the single district system in every county in the State, the plan that prevails in New York. The Republicans could, if they would, district the State with some approach to fairness under the present system and still retain a majority in the Legislature large enough for all proper purposes, but they won't. Even Allegheny county, which polled over nineteen thousand votes for Cleveland, will not probably be allowed even *one* district in which a Democrat could be elected. With almost a solid Republican delegation from each of the two large counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny, legislation at Harrisburg can be moulded into any shape that their members may determine upon. Such a state of affairs admits of no justification or excuse and must eventually be supplanted by some system that will enable minorities to give expression to their will.

WE referred last week to the effort then being made in the Legislature to increase the number of additional law judges in the State, a bill having then been reported in the Senate providing for an additional law judge in the Fifteenth judicial district which is composed of Chester county. When the bill came up in the Senate Mr. Wallace opposed it in a streng speech, on the ground that the measure was unnecessary and opened up a dangerous source of increasing the expenses of the State. He showed that Chester county didn't need an additional judge from the all-conclusive fact that during last year there were only *nine* weeks of court for jury trials in that county, which is about the same number of weeks occupied by the courts in Cambria county. And yet notwithstanding the convincing weight of Mr. Wallace's argument the bill passed the Senate. It is an invitation to other districts to make the same demand with the assurance that it will be acceded to, even though there is not the shadow of a necessity upon which to base the claim.

A DISPATCH from Korti, in Egypt, dated on Tuesday last, states that Col. onels Wilson and Wortley, who were with the the expedition to Khartoum, arrived there on that day, and report that General Gordon was stabbed in the back and fell dead, just as he was leaving the government house in Khartoum, after El Mudhi's troops had entered the city.

NO RAILROAD COMMISSION.

It is bruited about the Capitol at Harrisburg that a Railroad Commission will be interposed by the Legislature between the delinquent railroad companies of Pennsylvania and the spikes of the State Constitution. This thing will not do. Some years ago when a Commission was proposed as a tribunal before which the public could take their grievances, the railroad companies, in the plentitude of their power in the Legislature, rejected it with disdain.—They would tolerate no prying Railroad Commission meddling with their affairs. But since then there has been a great change of the situation in several important respects. The independent newspapers of Pennsylvania have accumulated in riotous profusion the evidence of railroad discriminations in freight charges, and upon this evidence they demand the enforcement of their Constitution. In the same time the railroad corporations have lost much of their power with the Legislature, and they now appeal for the Commission to which they were formerly so hostile.

The Railroad Commission bill which has just passed the Senate of the United States rests upon quite different grounds from those upon which it is proposed to establish a Commission in Pennsylvania. Great as are the wrongs practiced by the railroad corporations, they violate no provisions of the Federal Constitution. In legislating upon interstate commerce Congress is seeking to apply its remedial power in a new direction and upon a new subject. But in Pennsylvania the ground upon which remedial legislation is sought is already covered by the State Constitution. The legislation in restraint of the railroad corporations has been accomplished by the highest power in the State, the people themselves, in adopting their new organic law in 1873. Nothing remains but for their servants in the Legislature to pass the necessary enactments for carrying the provisions of the Constitution into effect. No room for difference of opinion in the Legislature can exist on this subject.—There stands the Constitution, and the Legislature is bound to obey it. It is the deepest reproach to the Commonwealth that provisions of the Constitution as sacred as those by which the Governor holds his office, or those under which the Judges administer law in the Courts, have been treated with the utmost contempt by successive Legislatures for ten years. But it is now proposed in very mockery to set up a Rail road Commission to enable still another Legislature to evade the performance of its sworn duty.

If a Railroad Commission were established in Pennsylvania, what end could it serve but to create a new branch of the Circumlocution Office, with a fresh brood of Tite Barnacles? In and around Philadelphia are more than a million people who have been subjected for many years to the most iniquitous discriminations in freights. Coal is carried past their doors and laid down in more distant localities for lower rates. This is but one in the long beadroll of wrongs done by the railroad companies to this community and to all the rest of the people of Pennsylvania.—When the people demand enforcement of their Constitution shall they be mocked with a Railroad Commission? Which could a Railroad Commission do to relieve the people of Philadelphia from the notorious wrongs which they suffer? Why, expostulate with the railroad companies, to be sure. But who shall represent them? The Councils? Alas, the City Councils would receive no more favorable consideration than the people themselves. The several Trade Associations, Exchanges and Boards of Trade have treated the subject of freight discriminations against the business of Philadelphia with the same philosophical unconcern with which they may be supposed to regard the commercial affairs of Russia.

The only power to whom the people have need to appeal against unjust discriminations in freights is the State Legislature. Their only demand is that their Constitution be enforced.—This is so reasonable and just that it should require no discussion. In the present stage of the struggle for relief from railroad discriminations the scheme of a Commission is suggested as a means of enabling the Legislature to escape from the performance of a solemn duty. But it comes too late. The omnipotent power of the railroads upon the Legislature of Pennsylvania is gone. At a wink from the railroads a Commission would have been established by the Legislature years ago when it was first proposed, and they would have had no trouble in naming its members. But not now. The issue in the Legislature will be narrowed down to the plain question whether the Constitution of Pennsylvania shall be obeyed. On one side or the other of this question the members of the Legislature must then be ranged. There is no half-way house of refuge.—*Phila. Record.*

KHARTOUM CAPTURED.

THE FATE OF GENERAL GORDON UNKNOWN.

LONDON, Feb. 5—12:30 P. M.—The War Office has issued the following: Telegrams from General Wolseley announce that the fall of Khartoum took place on January 26.

He says Colonel Wilson arrived at Khartoum on January 28, and was greatly surprised to find that the enemy were in possession of that place. He immediately started on his return down the river, and proceeded under a heavy fire from the rebels. When some miles below the Shublaka cataract Colonel Wilson's steamers were wrecked, but he and his whole party managed to reach an island in safety, where they are secure. A steamer has gone to bring them back to the British camp near Metemmeh.

General Wolseley says he has no information regarding the fate of General Gordon, and does not know whether he is dead or alive.

A native reports that the Mahdi had 60,000 men in the vicinity of Khartoum, and that he introduced a number of his emissaries into the city. The emissaries mingled freely with the native troops under General Gordon, and, by bribes, threats and working on their religious feelings, induced them to mutiny. Seven thousand of the garrison deserted to the rebels, leaving General Gordon only 2,500 faithful soldiers.—With this small force he attempted to hold the city against the Mahdi's great army; but, after severe fighting, in which a large number of the rebels were killed, he was compelled to surrender.

When Sir Charles Wilson reached Khartoum he found that Mahdi's forces occupied both the town and the citadel. He tried to land and ascertain the fate of General Gordon, but this step he found impossible. The enemy's guns were turned upon him in full force.—He was, therefore, compelled to turn his back upon the fallen city and return to Gulat without finding out whether General Gordon as dead or alive.

A POSITIVE GUARANTEE is given that every article sold at the Golden Eagle Clothing House, Altoona, Pa., is lower in price than the same quality and make can be bought elsewhere. And remember, right here, that it makes no difference how low a price other clothiers may ask for their goods, or what inducements they may offer for your patronage the prices will always be lower at the GOLDEN EAGLE CLOTHING HOUSE, 1301 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, Pa.

THE Londstown City Hall, situated about five miles from Warren, Ohio, came nearly being burned to the ground on Monday night, while filled with people.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9, 1885.

The Capital during the week seems to have been shifted to New York city. At least New York is the centre of political interest, but not half as many Democratic Congressmen went to see the President-elect as were reported to have gone. A few who went have returned and one and all seem to be well pleased with what they have seen of the coming man, who is praised as a courteous listener and a frank talker. Affectation and mysteriousness are not among the faults or Mr. Cleveland.

Nothing has been learned about the Cabinet; it is evidently the intention of the President to take all the time the law allows him to build it, and since his Cabinet can do nothing until after the fourth of March, this deliberation would seem to be proper and politic.

A certain class of government clerks are quietly preparing to go. They are the chiefs of bureaus and their chief clerks, also a large number who are conscious of their shady political antecedents. A large majority of them are hoping that they may avoid the fell sweep of that new broom. The opinion of those who have a knowledge of affairs in the government offices is that there can be no real improvement in government work until nine tenths of the clerks, who are drones and politicians, have been swept out and replaced, not necessarily by Democrats excusively, but by competent and willing workers.

There is a great deal of local talk of the inauguration, which is only three weeks distant. The Democrats, of course, desire that the parade, the ball, the fire works, the decorations and the crowd, shall compare in respectability, taste and splendor with any previous similar occasion. I think their vanity will be gratified. There will be a fine parade of citizen soldiery and civic organization. The night will be painted in all the hues of the rainbow by fire works; and the ball, in a hall large enough to accommodate 12,000, and which anyone can attend for the consideration of five dollars, will be simply stupendous.

Gen. Hancock declined to lead the parade from the White House to the Capitol on the ground of a recent death in his family, and Gen. McClellan, to whom the honor was next tendered, declined on account of engagements. It is well enough, for neither of these old gentlemen can sit on a horse as well as he could twenty-five years ago, and the leader of this parade must bestride a goodly steed. Gen. Slocum has accepted the command of the ephemeral army and there is no doubt that the brief campaign will be successful.

As it is anticipated that a greater number of military organizations and civic associations will be in line on the fourth of March than were ever assembled here on an inauguration day, the task asigned to Gen. Slocum is not an easy one. Four years ago Gen. Sherman, with a large number of aids, found the labor of marshalling and moving the parade a greater one than he expected. It is nominally an honor, but in fact a very laborious responsibility to assume the direction and movement of a vast collection of organizations in the short time allowed for such a parade.

On Wednesday the formal counting of the votes for President will take place in Congress.

Of the thirteen appropriation bills, but one, the Military Academy bill, has passed its last stage in Congress. It awaits the action of the President.—The condition of business in Congress is such that a minority of either house can easily force an extra session. But it is not apparent that there is any disposition to do so. The leaders of both houses express the opinion that the appropriation bills will all be passed before the fourth of March. If this case no extra session will be necessary.

Gen. Sheridan, the marshall of the monument dedication, has issued his orders and appointed his aids. The first division of the procession will be commanded by Gen. Ayres, the second by Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia.

The city troop of Philadelphians will come on a special train and bring their horses and grooms with them. They will wear their old Revolutionary uniforms and will bring the standards carried at the battles or Princeton and Trenton. K.

THE SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' SCHOOLS.—A large number of appropriation bills were introduced in the House of Representatives the other day and referred to the committee. Among them was one appropriating $696,000 for the maintenance of the soldiers' orphans' schools. This sum is designed for two years, but the enormous total suggests the question, "Will the thing never end?"

According to the best information the war closed within a few months of twenty-one years ago. The soldiers' orphans' schools were created for the purpose of educating the children of Pennsylvania orphaned by that unfortunate struggle. It was a beautiful tho't, inspired by patriotism and perfected by a benevolence that is without a parallel in the history of civilization. But the good which it was designed to accomplish must have an end.

When $696,000 is asked to support schools designed to educate the orphans of a war that ended twenty-one years ago there must be something the matter. The orphans of the men who offered up their lives to save the country from dissolution can ask nothing from the people that will not be cheerfully granted. The children of those whose vigor was sapped by the exposure of military campaigns, or were disabled by wounds in battle, are welcome to anything that is necessary to qualify them to make good men and women. But when this plan of helping orphans or children of men disabled in war is carried to so long a period after the war, there should be the greatest care taken in voting the money. There is at least a reasonable ground for the suspicion that it is the owners of the schools rather than the children of the soldiers that are getting the bulk of the benefit.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

The Highest Education.

There is a great deal that is wrong in our modern method of education. It teaches a man to be a gentleman, but yet does not give him the power of making a living. It stuffs him with facts and meaningless words, phrases and theories, but does not enable him to think for himself and become a man in the highest and best sense. His education is too general and not practical enough. All classes should be taught that PERUNA—the great remedy compounded by Dr. Hartman—is the very thing he needs for the restoration of his health and the toning up of the body. Being composed of pure vegetable substances and containing no poisonous minerals, it is just the thing for all classes of people, and all should learn at once that it is to their interest to inquire into the merits of this medicine, for therein lies the highest education. Ask your druggist for PERUNA.

His Slippery Glass Eye.

"The Squire," says the author of "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," "wore one glass eye and a wig. The glass eye was constantly slipping out of focus, and the wig turning around sidewise on his head when he addressed the people of the Flat Creek District." Sad spectacle. Parker's Hair Balsam preserves and promotes the growth of the natural hair. It also restores the natural color to hair which has faded or become gray. Clean, elegant, beneficial, highly perfumed.

SENATOR DON CAMERON started for Florida on Tuesday. His health has been failing of late and his physicians have advised him not to remain in Washington any longer. He recently had two hemorrhages, and was obliged to seek the milder climate of the far South.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Statistics show that both in Europe and America scarlet fever is more destructive of life than cholera.

—The Connecticut Legislature is considering a bill providing that women are to be eligible to hold the office of assistant town clerk.

—There are 671 convicts in the Kentucky Penitentiary, and for three months they have not done a day's work, except those in the cook-house.

—There is nothing like Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil to quickly cure a cold or relieve hoarseness. Written by Mrs. M. J. Fellows, Burr Oak, St. Joseph Co., Michigan.

—Richard Short was formally arraigned in the Tombs police court in New York on last Tuesday for stabbing Captain Phelan. The examination took place on Wednesday.

—Over brain work and excesses reduce the vitality and cause nervous exhaustion, etc. The Pastille treatment is a radical cure. Harris remedy Co., St. Louis, Mo., send *free trials.*

—William Thorpe, chairman of the town board of the village of Thorpe, Wis., was shot and killed on Thursday night by his son for abusing his family. The son has been locked up for trial.

—John Smith, of Palmyra, N. Y., aged sixty five years, who recently eloped with the wife of a prosperous farmer named Highly, committed suicide on Friday by hanging, and the woman now has a double cause for penance.

—A fire on Sunday last destroyed the pork packing establishment of G. Gassard & Sons, in Baltimore, causing a loss of $70,000; fully insured. The fire extended to Bergman's livery stable, one floor of which fell, injuring four firemen, but none of them seriously. Bergman's loss is small.

—Mrs. Mary Stubbs, a widow, aged sixty-five years, of Philadelphia, left her boarding house in apparently good health on Sunday morning last for the Olivet Presbyterian church, that city, and died within five minutes after reaching her seat. The death is attributed to heart disease.

—Twenty five disguised men broke down the door of the Bland county (Va.) jail shortly after midnight Thursday, took out Jerry Jackson, a colored man, tied him to a fence, and riddled him with bullets. Jackson was only seventeen years old. He shot and killed an inoffensive peddler the Friday previous for the sake of plunder.

—Tom Morris, a negro, twenty-three years of age, arrested at Weimar, Texas, Friday, was taken to Schulenburg, charged with assaulting Josephine Sedlek, a white girl, thirteen years of age. About 2 o'clock Saturday morning Morris was taken from the calaboose by a masked mob and hanged to a tree. The mob came from the neighborhood where the outrage was perpetrated.

—Three boilers in the starchworks of the Emerich Manufacturing Company, Illinois, exploded on Saturday evening, badly demolishing the building. The structure caught fire and will probably be a total loss. The boilers were blown a distance of several blocks. Two men, the fireman and watchman, are missing, but it has been impossible as yet to make a search for them.

—John Starcher, an estimable young man of Calhoun county, W. Va., startled his friends on Sunday last by an unsuccessful attempt, owing to the intervention of friends, to commit suicide. He was found by them suspended from the limb of a tree in his father's orchard. They cut him down and after being vigorously treated for a time he recovered sufficiently to upbraid them for interfering, and vowed that he would yet destroy himself.

—Superior Judge Moore, of Amador county, Cal., was found dead in his house last September. The family were all absent at the time. The verdict was suicide. Late developments indicate that he was murdered, and the Governor has offered a reward of $500, and the family an additional sum of $2,500, for the arrest and conviction of his murderer. Judge Moore was well known in Danville, Ky., where he formerly lived.

—August Dill, a prominent and wealthy German farmer near Wahpeton, Minn, has been mysteriously missing since January 26, and no trace of him could be found until Sunday last, when his remains were found under a manure pile near his stables. His wife confessed to the crime. When confronted by the corpse, she said, "We quarreled, and I borrowed a pistol from the hired man, Julius Ebel, and shot him twice. Then I put him to bed, but he died, and then the hired man and my son helped me to bury him." All are in jail and narrowly escaped being lynched.

—On Friday evening William Stewart, a negro boy about 17 years of age, whose home is at Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., attempted to kill his mother with a razor. Hearing the woman's screams for help, Charles Bowers, a clerk in a store near the woman's home, ran to her assistance, when the negro turned upon him and succeeded in cutting him very severely in the breast and about the face, and nearly cutting one of his ears off. At present Bowers is lying in a very dangerous condition and will very likely die. Stewart was arrested on Saturday and lodged in the Lewisburg jail.

—A dispatch from Vincennes, Ind., says: Henry Strotman, who has four children sick with typhoid fever, has lately been very religiously inclined. Last Friday evening he was praying over his sick children, when his wife told him that if he would build a fire he would do them more real service than praying. This enraged Strotman, and seizing a heavy spade handle, he brutally beat his wife and badly clubbed his father-in-law, Christopher Ottesmeyer, sixty-three years old, until he was dead. Strotman was finally overpowered by the police, but not until City Marshal Romer had been beaten. Mrs. Strotman is fatally injured. The murderer was imprisoned. It is thought he is insane.

CASTORIA.

WHEN Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Cast'a.
—For sale at James' Drug Store.

A WEAK BACK, with a weary aching lameness over the hips is a sign of diseased kidneys. Use the best kidney curative known which is Burdock Blood Bitters.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS — THE BEST TONIC.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

Trade Mark. QUALITY PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely **Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.**

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the **Kidneys and Liver.**

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to **Women,** and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St. New York.

Advertising Chents!!!

'It has become so common to begin an article, in an elegant, interesting style.

'Then run it into some advertisement that we avoid all such,

'And simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in as plain, honest term as possible,

'To induce people

'To give them one trial, which so proves their value that they will never use anything else.'

THE REMEDY so favorably noticed in all the papers,

Religious and secular, is

'Having a large sale, and is supplanting all other medicines,

'There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of Hop Bitters have shown great shrewdness and ability * * *

'In compounding a medicine whose virtues are so palpable to every one's observation.'

Did She Die?

'No!

'She lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years,'

'The doctors doing her no good;'

'And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters that the papers talk so much about.'

'Indeed! Indeed!'

'How thankful we should be for that medicine.'

A Daughter's Misery.

'Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery,

'From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and Nervous debility,

'Under the care of the best physicians,

'Who gave her disease various names,

'But no relief,

'And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters that we had shunned for years before using it.'—THE PARENTS.

Father is Getting Well.

'My daughters say:

'How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters.'

'He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable.'

'And we are so glad that he used your Bitters'—A LADY of Utica, N. Y.

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

ALL FOR NOTHING.

WHY THE DOCTOR WAS DISGUSTED, AND WHAT MIGHT HAVE DONE WITHOUT HIM.

"Well, wife," said Dr. E——, as he entered his house, which was situated in a cosy village in central Michigan, "I have got back from a long and dreary ride away down among the mountains, and all to no purpose whatever. The messenger said the man would live till morning, when the fact is he had only an ordinary attack of colic. If the simpletons had only had sense enough to put a BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER on his stomach they would have been all right in an hour or two. But some folks are slow to learn," added the old physician, swallowing the cup of steaming tea his wife had just poured for him.

Dr. E—— was right; yet people do learn, even though slowly. The rapidly increasing use of Benson's plaster proves this beyond question, and the good results we see about us are worth of their needless toil. In all diseases capable of being affected by a plaster Benson's acts efficiently and at once. Be sure you have the word CAPCINE out in the centre. Price 25 cents.

SEABURY & JOHNSON, Chemists, New York.

THE KEYSTONE ELECTRIC CO.,

SOLE LICENSEES FOR PENN'A OF

THE BAXTER ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,

are prepared to furnish *entire electric plants.* Will also arrange with counties, cities, corporations, or individuals for the exclusive right to use the BAXTER LAMP, the most economical improvement in electric lighting ever invented—saving one-half the cost of lighting by Arc Lamps, and making a steadier and purer light. The consumption of carbons is less than one fourth of what it is the ordinary lamp. Eighteen inches of carbons, burning in ordinary lamps but half a night, will last in these lamps three nights, burning ALL NIGHT LONG.

Address

KEYSTONE ELECTRIC CO.,
212 S. THIRD ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA

April 11, 1884.-1y.

EUREKA!!!

WILLIAM PEEBLES,
517 Wood Street,
PITTSBURG, PA.,
Agent for
EUREKA Roller Skates.

I defy competition with these Skates. The only skates that will not bend axles, or lose wheels.

Send for Sample Pair, C. O. D.

Jan. 30.-1m.

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

Three Doors West of Postoffice,
HIGH STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.
J. H. GANT, Proprietor.

THE PUBLIC will always find us at our place of business in business hours. Everything kept neat and cosy. CLEAN TOWELS A SPECIALTY.

TRIAL LIST.—Causes set down for trial in Common Pleas at the special term of Court, commencing MONDAY, February 16, 1885:

Use Kimports	vs.	Hipps & Lloyd
Hipps & Lloyd	vs.	Lantzy et al.
Ranstead	vs.	Garman
Same	vs.	Same
Hehe	vs.	Behe
Same	vs.	Behe
Saupp	vs.	Itel

H. A. SHOEMAKER, Prothonotary.
Prot'y's Office, Ebensburg, January 12, 1885.

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at private sale, his farm in Cambria township, one and one-half miles from Ebensburg, containing **240 Acres,** in a good state of cultivation, with good frame house and frame barn, an excellent orchard, plenty of water and about one million feet of lumber on the premises. To parties wishing to purchase a smaller piece of land, he will divide it to suit purchasers. Terms reasonable. Call on the subscriber residing on the premises. MATIN SANDERS.

Cambria twp., Jan. 9, 1885.

STRAY SHEEP.—Came to the premises of the subscriber in Washington township about the 1st of December last, four head of sheep—two weathers with both ears cut off and notch cut out of left ear on lower side—one ewe with both ears cut off, and one ewe lamb with the left ear off. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law. PETER KARNS.

January 23, 1885.-6.

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell at private sale, the farm of the late Silas Parrish, deceased, situated two and one-half miles south of Ebensburg, in Cambria township, on the road to O'Hara's mill, containing **140 Acres**—about 85 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation.—There is a good log house, weatherboarded, a frame barn 40x60 feet, a good orchard and plenty of good water on the premises. For further information call on the subscriber on the premises, January 16, 1885.-6t. WM. C. PARRISH.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of ELIZABETH McGOUGH, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth McGough, late of Portage township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay and those having claims against the same must present them properly authenticated for settlement. PHILIP BETLER, Executor.

Portage, Cambria county, Pa., Jan. 23,-6t.

WANTED—One agent lady or gentleman, in every county, steady employment. Our agents are making from $3 to $7 per day. Full particulars sent free. Address at once

PARK MFG COMPANY,
Box 1521, 209 Broadway, New York.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
EBENSBURG, PA.

☞ Office in Colonnade Row, on Centre street.

AT FLEMMING'S

SEAL GOODS,
BEAVER GOODS,
OTHER GOODS
FUR GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

Best Assortment of
SEAL SACQUES, DOLMANS AND ULSTERETTES
Ever Brought to Pittsburgh.

WM. FLEMMING & CO.,
LEADING FURRIERS AND HATTERS,
29 Fifth Avenue Pittsburgh, Pa.

Still Reducing Stock.

I again call the attention of the public to the fact that I am still selling goods at a great reduction in order to reduce my stock. As you all know my stock consists of everything in the

Hardware, House-Furnishing, and Agricultural

line. It is not necessary to enumerate it here, but come and satisfy yourselves that I am offering bargains in everything. As this is the time of the year for Shovel Plows and Cultivators, call and see my stock, which I am selling right down to first cost. I am also offering great bargains in

Wall Paper, Trunks, Silver Plated Ware,

Well and Cistern Pumps, Double Bitt Axes, &c. Remember my terms are cash, I cannot make these big reductions and charge goods on the books.

G. HUNTLEY.

Ebensburg, May 16, 1884.-tf.

TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Cambria county, for the year ending **December 31, 1884:**

Amount insured—		
Jan. 14, 1884	$1,679,535.82	
During year	420,945.00	$2,105,378.82
Deduct am't expired—		
During year	344,390.00	
Deduct amount—		
Surrendered and cancel'd	$5,167.00	399,550.00
Amount property—		
Insured Dec. 31, 1884		$1,705,828.82
Am't notes in force—		
Jan. 14, 1884	157,172.88	
A'mt Premium notes—		
Taken during year	40,228.00	197,400.88
Deduct amount—		
Surrendered and cancel'd	6,286.00	$7,125.00
Premium notes—		
In force Dec. 31, 1884		$150,275.88
Number policies issued during year		364
Number policies in force Dec. 31, 1884		2025

CASH ACCOUNT—RECEIPTS.

Amount on hand at date last settlement	$1,439.14
Cash for new insurance	1,482.31
Money on Premium notes, 1884	700.00
Assessment No. 8 (authorized July 19, 1884—	
Amount collected on same	4,717.30—$8,338.75

EXPENDITURES.

Losses paid—	
Edward W. Evans	750.00
Christopher White (balance)	280.00
Michael Gates	1,000.00
George Lemyre	500.00
A. G. Storm	10.00
Francis Wagner	800.00
Joseph A. Gray	384.00
Wm. R. Williams	467.00
Lewis Endler	25.00
P. L. Erk	15.00
Aaron Sheeline	29.65
James R. Cooper	5.35
Other expenses—	
Com's'n on assessment No. 8	258.86
Bor money (paid Sep. 26, 1884)	700.00
Interest on same	7.35
Secretary's fees	182.00
Treasurer's salary	80.00
Rent	40.00
Agent's commission	272.00
Prem's return'd for policies can	89.72
Printing, postage, stationery, etc	182.56
Compensation Executive Com	25.00
Expenses adjusting losses, etc	6.50—$6,188 14
Balance on hand	$2,120.61

January 22nd, 1885, the foregoing account audited, found correct and approved.

JOHN LLOYD,
JOHN JONES,
C. T. ROBERTS,
Executive Committee.

R. L. JOHNSTON, H. J. BUCK, A. W. BUCK.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
Ebensburg, Pa

Money Received on Deposit
PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
COLLECTIONS MADE
AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.
DRAFTS on the Principal Cities
Bought and Sold and a
General Banking Business Transacted.
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

Ebensburg, April 4, 1884.-tf.

THOUSANDS OF HOLIDAY BARGAINS!!
ALL AROUND OUR BIG RETAIL STORES.
Prices Away Down To-Day!
BLACK SILKS, COLORED SILKS,
DRESS GOODS,
Ladies' and Misses' Winter Wraps,
Maccoties, Jackets, Dolmans, Plush Coats, at $20.00 and upwards.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - FEB. 13, 1885.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There and the Other Place.

—Pasley—the weather.

—Lent begins on the 18th.

—Special Court next week.

—For canned goods go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets never fail.

—Fresh can and tub oysters at Oatman's.

—For choice groceries go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Cranberry sauce, ready for the table, sold by Oatman.

—For fine fresh oysters go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Elegant table syrup at Oatman's, and the price is very low.

—There are 151 applicants for license in Clearfield county.

—They say the oysters sold by Oatman are about of 'em all for fine flavor.

—Don't fail to read the new advertisement of V. S. Barker & Bro. in this issue of the FREEMAN.

—A little ashes scattered on the pavement just now will enable pedestrians to keep their right end up.

—Roasting has been very good during the past few days, but the weather has been too cold for its enjoyment.

—Johnstown is said to have a colored population of eight hundred, and they want a skating rink of their own.

—Henry, a little son of Joseph and Mary Heitz, of Elder township, died on Saturday last, aged about four years.

—A child of Henry Harker, of Washington township, fell from a high chair one day last week and broke its arm.

—A bill has been introduced in the Legislature requiring that school books shall be changed but once in six years.

—It matters not what kind of goods you want, you will find the price a little lower at Oatman's than elsewhere in town.

—The charcoal furnace at Springfield, Blair county, will be abandoned in the spring. It has been operated fifty years.

—Rev. Father Brown, of Lilly's has sufficiently recovered from his late sickness, as to be able to attend to his pastoral duties.

—Ex-Judge Hall, of Bedford county, has been appointed General Solicitor for the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad Company.

—Miss Mary E. Murphey, of Bradford, McKean county, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Dougherty, in this place.

—The frame work of the new skating rink was raised last week, but the recent blizzard has put a stop to the work for the present.

—What has become of our local correspondents? Has the recent blizzard froze them up entirely, or have they run short of postals?

—A sleighing party from Lilly's "tripped the light fantastic toe," until the wee sma' hours on Friday morning, at the Central House last week.

—Mr. John Burke, of Xenia, Ohio, has been on a visit to relatives and friends in this section for the past couple of weeks. He spent the early portion of his life in Croyle township, this county.

—Three of Gallitzin's most promising young gentlemen accompanied by their sweethearts constituted a sleighing party to this place on Saturday last. While here they paid a friendly visit to this office.

—Burgess Gutwald started on Wednesday last with Pittsburg as his objective point, for the purpose of buying machinery for his new slaughtery, his purpose being to have all the latest improvements in his new building.

—A son of Michael Cronauer, of Chest township, aged about fourteen years, died at the residence of Lewis Bearer, in Susquehanna township, on Sunday last. His remains were interred in the cemetery at St. Lawrence.

—New Orleans residents advise visitors to wait until early spring to visit the exposition. March and April are the months of sun and everything delightful. The weather now variable, with rain and dampness and much wind.

—A sleighing party of about fifty left this place on Friday evening last for Cresson, where they located at the Cullan House and had a good time generally. They got back about six o'clock the next morning and had only one upset to report.

—Mr. Gallitzin Myers, of the Mountain House, this place, was the recipient last week of nice new "greas-er" from J. Mac Shultz, of Altoona. As Mr. M. is a fine looking man and it is a fine looking hat, they, of course, look immense together.

—From the Johnstown *Tribune*: Andy Perrin, the versatile and accomplished Pennsylvania Railroad passenger man, started this morning, and Conductor Mike Quirk substantiated the assertion, that the wind was so strong at Gallitzin on Monday that it blew an anvil out of a blacksmith shop, and the door of the shop was used too.

—About the time we go to press (Thursday noon) Dr. L. U. Beach will be executed at Hollidaysburg for the brutal murder of his wife in Altoona some time last spring. Several parties have gone from this place for the purpose of witnessing the execution.

—The Commissioners of Huntingdon county refused to sign the financial statement of the receipts and expenditures of their county made by the County Auditors, because the Auditors had surcharged them with some items that they had charged for services.

—Charles Farabaugh, of Blacklick township, arrived home on Monday last, after a six weeks' trip to the West. Mr. Farabaugh's father and several brothers reside in Minnesota, where they have been living for the past fifteen years. He reports them all prospering.

—The Edgar Thompson steelmill at Braddock resumed operations last Tuesday morning. Three furnaces were fired in last week and another on Monday. The fifth furnace is undergoing repairs. About six hundred men are employed at the furnaces and fifteen hundred in the mill.

—One day last week a Huntingdon county pedler, who had got over into Fulton county in the pursuit of his business was set upon by a gang of laborers employed on the South Pennsylvania railroad, and robbed of his pack containing goods valued at one hundred and fifty dollars.

—In less than three weeks President Cleveland will be inaugurated, and as everybody should start well under the new administration, it would be well to visit John Owens' store on High street, where you can at all times get dry goods, dress goods, boots and shoes, groceries and provisions at the lowest possible prices.

—The Carrolltown Fire Company intend having a grand ball on Monday next at Carrolltown, in Sharbaugh's new building.—The ball will open at 1 P. M. and close at 7 P. M. Supper will be served at 5 P. M. Everything has been done to make it enjoyable and a pleasant time is promised to all who attend. Everybody invited.

—Twenty per cent. of the idle coke ovens at Scottdale, Westmoreland county, under control of the coke syndicate are to be fired up at once on authorization of the syndicate. This information is hailed with the greatest delight by several hundred men and boys. It is estimated that more will be ordered fired up within the next four weeks.

—Hon. Robert L. Johnston, of this place, will deliver a lecture in Carrolltown on Sunday next, for the benefit of the Emerald Beneficial Association of that place. Doors open at half-past six and the lecture will commence at 7 P. M. The proceeds of the lecture are to be applied to the purchase of additional books for the library of the Association.

—Messrs. T. S. Williams and Joseph Gray, of Carrolltown, took the afternoon train from this place on Monday last, with Clearfield as their destination. They have been subpoenaed as witnesses on the part of the Commonwealth in the trial of the case against Mary Martin, for the murder of her husband, Thomas Martin, some time in September last.

—Sheriff Luther on Saturday last, received a dispatch from Danville, Illinois, from a deputy-sheriff at that place, asking for a description of Mickey Smith and stating that he had arrested a man whom he believed to be Mickey. On Monday the deputy-sheriff forwarded a photograph of the man arrested to Sheriff Luther, but it bore no resemblance to the much wanted Mickey.

—A sleighing party of young ladies from East Conemaugh, stopped at the Mountain House on Friday evening last. As a party of young ladies by themselves don't exactly make a lively dance, the proprietors, the Messrs. Myers, soon had them provided with beaux, and that "inevitable harbinger of mischief, a fiddle," was also introduced, and they didn't get home till morning.

—Silas A. McGough, of Altoona, formerly of this county, has leased the hotel in St. Augustine now occupied by Mr. John Bender, and will remove to that place on the 1st of April next. As Mr. McGough is an old citizen of St Augustine, where he kept hotel some fifteen years ago, and is an obliging and accommodating gentleman, we bespeak for him a liberal share of the public patronage.

—The Democrats of the West ward are requested to meet at the Council room of the borough of Ebensburg, on Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock, sharp, for the purpose of placing in nomination a ward ticket. The Democracy of the East ward are also requested to attend at the same time, for the purpose of taking part in the nomination of a ticket for the borough at large.

—The tax collector of Carbon township, Huntingdon county, has an unpleasant time at present. A great many of the taxpayers have refused for three succesive years to pay their tax, and recently when the collector attempted to enforce the payment the residents threatened to string him up to the to the nearest tree. He has made application for a posse of sufficient force to aid him, and will make another attempt at collecti on.

—The kitchen of the Mountain House, this place, was the scene of almost a fire on Wednesday morning last. Quite a quantity of lard had been placed in the oven to render and as the stove was very hot it took fire, the blaze enveloped the stove and looked for a time as if it would be the inauguration of a first-class fire. Buckets of water were carried in to be in readiness, but the flames were finally subdued without doing any particular damage.

—The meeting of teachers, directors and others at Bradley's, Allegheny township, on the 7th inst., was very large and respectable, instructive and interesting. Addresses were delivered by the superintendent, directors and others. The attendance of teachers was doubtless very flattering to the superintendent, four having been present. The directors congratulated themselves upon the fact that five teachers in their employ need no further instruction.

—An exchange hits the nail on the head when it says: When you hear a man sneering at the local papers because they are not as big, cheap and newsy as the city papers, you can safely bet that he does not squander his wealth in assisting to make them better, and that generally the papers have done more for him than he has for them. The man who cannot see the benefit arising to a town from its newspapers hasn't the sense of an oyster, and he is about as much value to a town as a delinquent tax list.

—On Tuesday last a boy named John Douglass, aged about sixteen years, son of Mr. H. L. Douglass, of Altoona, was instantly killed at that place by being run over by an engine. The boy started from home with his father's dinner to go to the lower shops, where Mr. Douglass works, and when he reached the railroad crossing waited for a passing train and then stepped on the track and was run over by an engine, the wheels passing over the face at the mouth and severing the head from the body. The air was full of steam, smoke and flying snow, and the engineer did not observe the boy until it was too late to save him.

—Grazier, the tailor, hatter and clothier, will be at the Cambria House, Ebensburg, February 23, 24 and 25, with a full line of piece goods, samples to make suits to order, and at prices never before heard of. He will take orders to deliver any time within sixty days. Any parties desiring a suit of ready-made clothing or any part of a suit for men, youths, boys or children, hats, neckwear, shirts, collars, or anything in his line, can get the same by writing to him at Scottdale, before the above date, specifying size, quality, color and wear, the price wanted, and if prices or any other objection are then in the way, they need not take them.

—An old man named Simon Freet, slightly demented, met with a severe accident on Wednesday night of last week near Lilly's. He had come, it seems, from the vicinity of East Freedom, Blair county, and upon arriving at D. Laughman's coke ovens took up quarters on top of one for the night and went to sleep. Some time during the night he rolled off, falling about ten feet on some iron pipes, where he was shortly afterwards found in an unconscious condition. His injuries, consisting of a sprained back and a dislocation of the hip joint, though severe, are probably not fatal.

—On Tuesday night at ten o'clock, the thermometer at the door of the FREEMAN office had reached eleven degrees below zero and it kept going down from that time until Wednesday morning, when it struck the lowest point reached this winter, twenty degrees below zero. Some thermometers in the east end of town went two better and got down to twenty-two, while some others in different parts of the town dropped out when they got down to eighteen. Persons who had not taken the precaution to examine a thermometer on Wednesday morning, had no difficulty in discovering the fact that it was cold as each man we met, in order to put us on our guard, kindly informed us that "it was a cold morning." Some people when they know a thing can't keep it to themselves, but will tell it to everybody they meet.

SCHOOL REPORT

The following is the report of the Ebensburg schools for the month ending February 9, 1885:

TEACHERS.	Room.	Enrolled. Boys.	Enrolled. Girls.	Enrolled. Total.	average attendance. Boys.	average attendance. Girls.	average attendance. Total.	Visits.
Mary E. Davis	1	28	28	56	23	20	43	2
Miss. C. Lewis	2	30	26	56	33	15	48	
Allie Lloyd	3	27	28	55	24	23	47	2
Gussie Davis	4	24	18	42	20	17	37	3
J. W. Leech	5	25	14	39	23	12	35	2
Totals	5	139	105	247	123	88	211	11

The following pupils were perfect in attendance during the month:

Room No. 1: Charlie Hasson, Charlie Sechler, Morgan Evans, Walter McCaslin, Maud Shoemaker, Lizzie Gutwald, Emily Davis, Harry Connell, Johnnie Ritter, Ollie Connell, Joseph Barkey, Maud Richardson, Edna Oatman, Victoria Brown.

Room No. 2: Willie McCabe, Walter Shoemaker, Dorrie Custer, Joe Henderson, Matthew Heitchue, Urban Luther, Joseph Mack, Harry Shinefelt, Charlie Weakland, Fred. Jones, Milton Luther, George Thomas, Annie Mills.

Room No. 3: Alice Davis, Julia Connell, Ella Kirschner, Della Folsom, Katie McBreen, Mary McBreen, Maggie McCabe, Annie Mallorey, Mattie Davis, Rosie Manson, Lennie Jones, Orton Davis, Emmet Davis, Ray Jones, George Stough, Joseph Blair, John James, Willie Luther, Milton Boisinger, Reichert Garman, Joseph Shoemaker, John McBreen.

Room No. 4: John Gant, Robert Tibbott, Philip Evans, Herschell Davis, Cora Davis, Minnie Stough, Katie Humphreys, Nannie James.

Room No. 5: Frank Kennedy, Robert Scanlan, Lester Larimer, Ira Davis, Howard Evans, Herman Jones, Bert Davis, George Dick, John Shinefelt, Milt. Connell, Ellsworth Evans, Mollie Evans, Izora Davis.

SAD RAILROAD FATALITY.—We are indebted to the Huntingdon *Local News* of the 9th instant, for the following facts: Mapleton depot, this county, was the scene of an accident to two young ladies on Saturday evening last, which has cast a gloom over both the town and surrounding country. Two sisters, Annie and Ella Miller, aged respectively 22 and 18 years, eldest daughters of Mr. George Miller, a farmer, residing about one mile west of Mapleton, started to walk home shortly before church left out that evening, and were using the south track of the P. R. R. A freight train passing west at the time, they were unable to see a second section of Mail Express coming east, and on the curve a short distance west of the depot were struck by the swiftly moving train, both being hurled down a high embankment. The engineer, Robert Hunter, felt the shock and not knowing what he had struck stopped his train. On investigation it was found that the youngest girl, Ella, was dead, her head having been crushed and right hip shattered. The elder one, Annie, was seriously injured, a small bone in right limb near ankle being broken and also one of the bones in right arm near wrist. Her head was cut in two places. The remains of Ella were conveyed to her home, and Annie was taken to the residence of Miss Anne Parker in [illegible] Dr. J. R. Lowry and Dr. J. F. Miller were summoned, who attended to her wounds. She is in a critical condition, but there are hopes of her recovery. The funeral of the unfortunate girl will take place to-morrow morning at nine o'clock, and her remains will be interred at Mt. Nebo cemetery, near Mount Union, by the side of her mother who died seven years ago.

Mr. George Miller, the father, was overcome with grief and greatly depressed by the death of his daughter Ella. Miss Jennie Miller, one of the sisters of the deceased, is much dejected in spirits, despondent and suffering great nervous prostration. The father, two sisters and three brothers are apparently nearly crazed by grief. At latest accounts Annie was resting pretty well.—Both the girls were much respected by all who knew them.

Reduced Rates to the Inauguration via the Penn's Railroad.

The inauguration of President-elect Cleveland on the 4th of March next promises to be a noteworthy event in the history of Washington. The citizens of the capital are working energetically and systematically to make the occasion a great success. In anticipation of an enormous throng of people, every effort is being put forth to provide accommodations for all who may come. Beside the regular hotels and boarding-houses, with which the city is well equipped, numbers of private families have agreed to entertain visitors, and sleeping quarters are being improvised in halls and such other buildings as are suitable. There will doubtless be ample accommodations for all, but those who desire to secure their lodgings in advance can do so by applying to Colonel L. P. Wright, Chairman of Committee on Public Comfort. Preparations for all the ceremonies are in the hands of competent committees, and every measure calculated to promote the comfort and pleasure of visitors will be carefully looked after.

For the benefit of the thousands of people who will be drawn from points along its lines, the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Washington from all stations on its system at greatly reduced rates. Its facilities for transporting passengers will be increased by the addition of special trains, which, with those regularly in service, will prove sufficient for all the demands of travel. The Baltimore and Potomac Station, Washington, into which all the trains of the Pennsylvania system run, is situated on Pennsylvania Avenue, in full view, and within two minutes walk of the Capitol, on the line of march of the inaugural procession, and is easy of access to all the principal hotels and public buildings, and to any portion of the city by horse cars, bus, or carriage. The station is large, the facilities for handling incoming and outgoing trains and their contents are ample. Application should be made to local ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Railroad and its branches for full and detailed information as to tickets and rates.

HOW BENNIE COOPER GOT OUT OF JAIL.—It appears that Bennie Cooper was released from jail at the instance of Sheriff Luther, without any authority, whatever.—He was committed by Justice Fisher for a bill of costs, which the County Commissioners were expected to pay, but it was their intention to keep him in jail for three months.

Cooper was under bail for another offense and on Saturday his bondsman procured a bail-piece and the same evening it was served on the sheriff. That official's agricultural brain failed to grasp the meaning of the document, and on Sunday morning turned Cooper loose. The Commissioners now refuse to pay Justice Fisher his costs.

We clip the above from the Johnstown *Tribune* of the 5th inst. If the *Tribune* wishes to relieve the judicial mind of Justice Fisher of any anxiety about his costs, it would be well for the *Tribune* to inform him, as well as everybody interested, that if they call on Sheriff Luther at the end of thirty days, that being the time allowed in the bond taken by Sheriff Luther for the payment of the costs in the case alluded to, Justice Fisher and everybody else entitled to costs in the case, will get them without the trouble of getting the County Commissioners to dive into the county treasury for them.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following transfers of real estate were filed in the Recorder's office, this place, during the two weeks ending February 11, 1885:

John E. Strayer to Philip Geus, land in Stonycreek township; consideration, $45.

Vitus Kimmely to Lawrence Kruis, land in Chest township, consideration, $100.

Robert S. Yinger to Francis Dietrich, land in Carroll township; consideration, $50.

John McManemy to Michael Bradley, land in Washington township; consideration, $700.

Francis McCoy to James McCoy, land in Allegheny township; consideration, $100.

Cambria Iron Company to John C Scott & Sons, land in Croyle township; consideration, $1,254 38.

S. M. Miller to O. Plummer, land in Lower Yoder township; consideration, $150.

S. M. Miller to Charles Plummer, land in Lower Yoder township; consideration, $175.

Jacob Levergood to Eliza Wehn, lot in Johnstown; consideration, $250

C. L. Breniser to George H. Brown, lot in Johnstown; consideration, $2,800.

Ephraim Wissinger to John Kelly, land in Franklin borough; consideration, $1.

Administrator of Mary Jane Krise to D. M. Kratzer, land in Dean township; consideration, $800.

D. M. Kratzer to Charles C. Wright, land in Dean township; consideration, $450.

Philip Pritsch to W. H. and W. S. Plottner, lot in Wilmore; consideration, $1.

Treasurer of Cambria county to Cambria county, land in Chest township; consideration, $4.70.

Cambria county to George Waltz, land in Chest township; consideration, $1.

George Waltz to Conrad Yeager, land in Chest township; consideration, $1.

Heirs of Isaac Gates to Levi Gates, land in White township; consideration, $.

Levi Gates to William McKee, land in White township; consideration, $150.

John M. Troxell to G. L. Glasgow and Joel A. Gates, land in Reade township; consideration, $6,166.

Hiram Lehman to August Klenner, land in Richland twp.; consideration, $574.46.

John E. Strayer to George M. Wertz, land in Stonycreek township; consideration, $500.

John E. Strayer to Fred. D. Ellenberger, land in Stonycreek township; consideration, $2670.

John Leonard Bitzner to William Thomas lot in Woodvale; consideration, $1,400.

Executors of John Meloy to C. Eckenrode, land in Allegheny township; consideration, $282.

Joseph D. Herzog to John Meloy, land in Allegheny township; consideration, $600.

Christian Eckenrode to John A. and Joseph H. Schnable, land in Allegheny township; consideration, $3.40.

Henry B. McClure to Lewis M. Woolf, lot in Johnstown; consideration, $475.

Johnstown Manufacturing Company to Johnstown Railway Company, lot in Woodvale; consideration $400. Same to same, $850.

Charles Kibbler to George Kibbler, lot in Woodvale; consideration, $760.

W. J. Wharton to H. C. Kirkpatrick, land in Clearfield township; consideration, $22.50.

High License.

HARRISBURG, Pa., February 3.—Following is the full text of the high license bill introduced into the House of Representatives today by Mr. J. B. Brown, of Erie:

An act relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors and to the fees and tax therefor.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, That from and after the passage of this act each person or persons to whom a license shall be granted to sell intoxicating liquors at retail in cities of the first and second class shall pay into the county treasury for each year or for any portion thereof, for the use of the county, the sum of $500 in addition to the fees and tax now required by law to be paid; provided, that each person or persons to whom a license shall be granted to sell intoxicating liquors at retail in cities of the third, fourth and fifth class shall pay into the county treasury for each year or for any portion thereof, for the use of the county, the sum of $250 in addition to the fees and tax now required by law to be paid; provided further, that each person or persons not hereinbefore provided for to whom a license shall be granted to sell intoxicating liquors at retail shall pay into the county treasury for each year or for any portion thereof, for the use of the county, the sum of $150 in addition to the fees and tax now required by law to be paid.

Section 2. Each person or persons to whom a license shall be granted to sell malt liquors only at retail in cities of the first and second class shall pay into the county treasury for each year or for any portion thereof, for the use of the county, the sum of $250 in addition to the fees and tax now required by law to be paid; provided, that each person or persons not hereinbefore provided for to whom a license shall be granted to sell malt liquors only at retail in cities of the third, fourth and fifth class shall pay into the country treasury for each year or for any portion thereof, for the use of the county, the sum of $125 in addition to the fees and tax now required by law to be paid; and provided further, that each person or persons not hereinbefore provided for to whom a license shall be granted to sell malt liquors only at retail shall pay into the county treasury for each year or for any portion thereof, for the use of the county, the sum of $75 in addition to the fees and tax now required by law to be paid.

Section 3. And no license shall be granted to any person or persons to sell intoxicating or malt liquors at retail until the fees and taxes herein and heretofore provided for by law shall have been paid.

Section 4. This act shall not invalidate any licenses herstofore issued, but shall apply to all licenses for the sale of intoxicating and malt liquors hereafter to be issued.

The bill was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and a favorable recommendation is expected at an early day.

THE DEATH OF WILLIAM BARNES.—From Tuesday's Johnstown *Tribune*: The cause and manner of the death of William Barnes, the mine boss, who was brought to this city from Portage on Saturday, and subsequently died at the residence of William Morgan, in Millville, are to be investigated by the authorities. District Attorney Reed on Monday evening directed Justice Strayer to impanel a jury of inquest. The following gentlemen were summoned as jurors: Messrs. H. W. Storey, D. W. Evans, Jacob Fend, James P. McConnaughy, Chal. L. Dick and Jonathan Lewis. The body was viewed at 7 o'clock, and the jury then adjourned until 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, when witnesses will be examined at Justice Strayer's office.

This morning Chief Harris visited Portage for the purpose of subpœnaing witnesses. Morris and Harry Long, John Skelly, John Cramer, and Peter and Wolford McGough were notified to be on hand Thursday to tell what they know about the matter.

The trouble in which Barnes is supposed to have received the blow which indirectly caused his death occurred on the night of the 12th of January in a saloon. The deceased and 'Squire McGlade, who is a man well advanced in years, had a dispute, the report goes, and the latter knocked the former down with his cane, the blow being inflicted on the back of the head and being so heavy that the stick broke. The inquest will doubtless develop all the facts in the case.

This morning members of the family of Mr. Farrel, with whom Barnes boarded at Portage, came down to the city to attend the funeral. They speak in the highest terms of the deceased. Interment took place this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

HYMENEAL.

KIMLIN—LYNCH.—Married, at Gallitzin, February 3, 1885, by Rev. Father Boyle, at Nuptial Mass, Mr. Anthony Kimlin to Miss Ellie A. Lynch, both of Bennington.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAKE NOTICE.

About the 1st of March next, I will engage in the business of blacksmithing in Belsano. All persons indebted to me, or the firm of Custer & Sensabaugh, are requested to settle their accounts before March 1st. After that date, all accounts not settled will be put in the hands of an officer for collection. EMANUEL CUSTER.

The shop near the P. R. R. depot, this place, has been transferred to Mr. Jonathan Custer, who will in the future have the management of that shop. He is a practical blacksmith, has had an experience in the business for thirty years, and by doing good work at reasonable prices, he trusts to receive his share of public patronage.

Ebensburg, February 13, 1885.-2t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of ANDREW BURGOON, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mr. Andrew Burgoon, deceased, late of White township, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same, must present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN B. DOUGLASS,

White twp., Feb. 13, '85.-6t. Administrator.

AGENTS WANTED for DR. SCOTT'S beautiful Electric Corsets. Sample free to those becoming agents. No risk, quick sales. Territory given, satisfaction guaranteed. Address DR. SCOTT, 842 Broadway St., N. Y.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in 962 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

—OF—

CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,

—FROM—

The 7th Day of January, 1884, to the 5th Day of January, 1885.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, TREASURER, DR.

To am't in hands of Treasurer at last settlement	$ 7,467 81
To am't received from miscellaneous sources	3,481 89
To am't received from redemption of lands	1,299 62
To am't received from constables for 1883 and previous	2,768 02
To am't received from seated and unseated lands	17,028 24
To am't of duplicate for 1884	70,276 26
	$102,121.84

CR.

By amount paid—	
Auditors (County)	$ 252.00
Auditors (State)	45.00
Assessors	692.76
Bonds redeemed	20,000.00
Building bridges	849.00
Bridge and road views	629.30
Boarding jurors	80.50
Boarding prisoners	1,742.65
Borough tax	3.81
Commissioners	1,200.00
Commissioners' clerk	600.00
Commissioners' counsel	200.00
Counsel fees (St. Francis' College)	350.00
Court crier and tipstaves	487.50
Constables	1,582.67
Criminal prosecutions	4,062.27
Court House	1,910.34
District Attorney	562.00
Elections	2,562.33
Fox and wild-cat scalps	240.00
Inquisitions	71.97
Insurance	375.00
Interest on bonds	1,980.00
Jurors (Grand)	877.50
Jurors (Traverse)	4,337.85
Janitor	400.00
Jail and Jailor	2,725.00
Jury Commissioners and Clerk	322.88
Miscellaneous	99.72
Old orders	102.86
Probates	36.75
Postage	19.44
Prothonotary	1,179.85
Printing	853.37
Poor House Directors	325.00
Poor and House of Employment	14,266.27
Registry	627.50
Records	193.44
Redemption of lands	550.34
Reform school	257.65
Refunding	369.97
Road damage	463.00
Road fund	2,517.84
School fund	2,764.25
State tax	199.00
Stenographer	528.10
Sheriff	751.81
Teachers' Institute	200.00
Talesmen	80.00
Western Penitentiary	1,277.06
Western Penn'a Hospital	1,436.08
Thirty-nine deeds to county	102.18
Advertising lands	6.00
Remaining in constables' hands	3,237.42
Exonerations to constables	2,581.35
Exonerations on duplicate	79.47
Abatement to Taxpayers	2,480.61
Treasurer's com. on 64,485.40 @ 5 per ct.	3,223.27
Treasurer's com. on 14,343.84 @2½ per ct.	358.60
Balance in hands of Treasurer	17,243.67
	$102,121.84

AMOUNTS DUE FROM CONSTABLES FOR 1884 and previous years.

1882—Jonas Fouch, Adams twp	$	18.37
Archie Farrell, Barr twp		134.83
John Ellsworth, Cambria bor., 2d w.		71
Henry Stemmer, Johnstown, 7th w.		46.28
James Miller, Lower Yoder twp		5.30
1883—Archie Farrell, Barr twp		187.76
Rich'd E. Thomas, Blacklick twp.		15.58
Benj. T. Pugh, Cambria twp		44.18
Jos. J. Trexler, Dean twp		23.38
E. H. McCartney, Conemaugh bor.		93.57
D. C. Burke, Gallitzin twp		31.24
Alex. J. Berkey, Grubbtown bor		14.28
Howard Davis, Jackson twp		29.84
Henry Stemmer, Johnstown, 4th w.		77.53
P. R. Miller, Johnstown, 6th w		40.12
M. J. Noel, White twp		142.69
Geo. D. Pringle, Wilmore bor		86.14
John Keam, Upper Yoder twp		92.50
Ed. C. Bingle, Lower Yoder twp		10.57
1884—Geo. E. Krig, Barr twp		23.27
Thos. M. Reese, Blacklick twp		5.00
David H. Jones, Cambria twp		107.00
Jas. M. Kelly, Cambria bor., 1st w.		155.20
Aug. Hauer, Cambria bor., 2d w.		20.60
Aug. Yost, Sr., Carroll twp		232.18
M. Zollner, Carrolltown bor		25.22
Anthony Gill, Chest twp		41.27
Geo Solsby, Clearfield twp		249.60
James Kinney, Conemaugh bor		38.91
Jos. J. Trexler, Dean twp		2.80
James Myers, Ebensburg bor., w. w. (since paid in part)		39.80
Anselm Weakland, Elder twp		64.30
R. J. Kittler, E. Conemaugh bor.		38.00
B. Weis, Gallitzin township		87.90
A. J. Berkey, Grubbtown bor		47.35
Hiram Swank, Johnstown, 6th w.		19.52
John McCabe, Lilly's bor		20.78
J. A. Troxell, Portage twp		197.28
E. J. Blough, Richland twp		8.50
J. N. Strayer, Summerhill twp		161.87
W. A. Rager, Susquehanna twp		319.76
J. Hummel, Stonycreek twp		121.85
James Devlin, Taylor twp		47.69
Jas. D. Criste, Washington twp		21.21
M. J. Noel, White twp		245.81
Geo. W. Pringle, Wilmore bor		41.11
Geo. Gillinger, Woodvale bor		22.92
John Keam, Upper Yoder twp		136.89
Scott McFeaters, Lower Yoder twp		284.24
	$	4,280.77

AMOUNT DUE CAMARIA COUNTY ON Judgments.

John T. Cooney	275 38
Isaac Wike	32 44
Benjamin Figart	178 07
John W. Gray, et al	675 46
John W. Gray, et al	760 87
James Fleck	59 72
S. A. R. Fitch, et al	10 08
W. W. Sherman, et al	61 51
John E. McKenzie	194 64
Barbara Rabb	88 05
	$ 2,225 01

AMOUNT DUE DISTRICTS FROM COMMissioners' sales and redemption of lands.

DISTRICTS	ROAD.	SCHOOL.
Adams township	$ 61.49	$ 62.67
Barr township	18	68
Blacklick township	4 78	11 76
Cambria township	4 56	80
Chest township	66 88	44 84
Clearfield township	70 66	82 32
Conemaugh twp	9 49	7 69
Elder township	67 80	38 95
Jackson township	6 54	16 35
Susquehanna twp	147 31	296 58
Summerhill twp	1 05	1 65
Washington twp	17 00	17 00
White township	11 49	8 49
Upper Yoder twp	4 53	4 13
Lower Yoder twp	4 53	4 13
	$480 18	$697 56

AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM SEATED AND Unseated Lands.

DISTRICTS.	ROAD.	SCHOOL.
Adams township	$ 216.78	$ 244.65
Allegheny twp		2.50
Barr township	36.75	39.60
Blacklick twp	177.72	180.84
Cambria twp	46 80	79 20
Carroll township	8 12	7 87
Chest township	424 65	606 46
Chest Springs bor		2 40
Clearfield twp	132 20	158 80
Conemaugh twp	101 15	101 15
Croyle township	83 96	141 59
Dean township	329 82	467 40
Elder township	60 46	60 46
Ebensburg bor	7 43	11 04
Gallitzin bor	1 60	2 98
Gallitzin twp	182 91	147 16
Jackson twp	390 90	490 04
Johnstown bor	5 21	
Lower Yoder twp	127 73	121 73
Munster twp	13 94	17 65
Portage township	276 20	431 69
Reade township	644 53	1,342 12
Stonycreek twp	3 00	
Summerhill twp	231 39	227 52
Susquehanna twp	85 90	116 62
Taylor township	118 22	120 97
Tunnelhill bor	10	22
Upper Yoder twp	66 83	100 25
Washington twp	118 53	175 12
White township	522 88	585 45
Wilmore borough		1 95
	$4,350 69	$6,006 01

ASSETS.

Due from Judgments	$ 2,225.91
Due from Constables	4,280.77
Due from D. A. Luther, Sh'ff, (since pd.)	681.59
Due from Western Penn's Hospital	1,139.11
Balance in Treasurer's hands	17,243.67
To balance	24,387.13
	$43,958.09

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding County Orders	$ 649.58
Outstanding Bonds	30,000.00
Due Districts on Road and School	5,074.61
Due Districts from Commissioners' sales and Redemption of Lands	1,077.74
Due Individuals from Redemption of Lands	99.97
Due Poor and House of Employment	7,056.19
	$43,958.09

Given under our hands, at the Commissioners' Office, in Ebensburg, this 29th day of January, A. D. 1885.

JAMES CONLOW,
JOHN KIRBY,
D. HAMILTON, } Commissioners.

We, the undersigned Auditors of Cambria County, respectfully report that we have carefully examined the vouchers and accounts of the Receipts and Expenditures of said County from the 7th day of January, 1884, to the 5th day of January, 1885, and find them as stated; also the foregoing statement of Assets and Liabilities of said County.

Given under our hands at the Commissioners' Office, in Ebensburg, this 29th day of January, A. D. 1885.

H. A. ENGLEHART,
C. B. COVER,
PATRICK O'DOWD, } Auditors.

NOTICE.—To the heirs and legal representatives of Bridget Storm, deceased.

Take notice, that an inquest will be held at the late residence of Bridget Storm, deceased, in the borough of Summitville, now Washington township, in the county of Cambria, on *Saturday, 28th day of February* at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of the deceased to and among her heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you are required to attend if you think proper.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 6, 1885.-4t.

Receipts and Expenditures

—OF—

POOR AND HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT

—OF—

CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,

From January 7th, 1884, to the 5th day of January, 1885.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, ESQ., Treasurer. DR.

To amount of requisition for 1884	$ 17,000 00
To balance due Poor & House of Employment	3,733 70
To cash by I. Lilly, steward	421 76
To cash by Geo. W. Easly	165 00
	$ 21,322 46

JOHN A. KENNEDY, ESQ., Treasurer. CR.

By amount paid—	
Allegheny and other counties	$ 171 32
Attorney fees	50 00
Boarding and nursing O. D. P.	51 00
Clothing, dry goods, boots and shoes	296 67
Coal and wood	248 18
Coffins for house	53 75

BUYING FARM TOOLS.

The farmer who now selects new tools for another season's work, will find it a matter of economy in labor to choose those which are as light as a sufficient degree of strength will admit. Wielding a needlessly heavy tool is a waste of strength. A hand hoe, for instance, may make two thousand strokes in an hour, or twenty thousand in a day. A needless ounce in weight will therefore require the constant movement of this ounce twenty thousand times daily, or equal to more than half a ton, which an operator must expend in personal exertion. Some tools are a half pound heavier than use requires; and day laborers using them waste an amount of strength equal to whole tons in each day. There are other tools not requiring the alternating movement of the hoe, when additional weight is not so detrimental, as, for instance, the crowbar, which, being used as a lever, does not require a constant motion. But in all cases tools are to be constructed in accordance with their intended purpose. The crowbar must be heaviest where the weight rests, and decrease in size with the distance from this point. There is often too little taper toward the hand, and as a consequence, the bar is usually bent under the weight, and nowhere else. Properly constructed, the handle would be bent as soon as any other part, and no sooner. The same principle will apply in the construction of hoe handles, which should be strong where the hand moves, and if the tool is slightly tapering toward the blade, to which most of the motion is given, it will prevent a needless expenditure of strength.

The principle which Dr. Holmes imagined the maker of the hundred-year "one horse shay" adopted in constructing every part of the vehicle according to the strength required, may be also applied to the construction of tools as far as possible. The part which most frequently breaks should be made stronger next time. That which never breaks is needlessly heavy. A light plow, strong enough for continued use, economizes the strength of the team. If twenty pounds too heavy, the friction which these twenty pounds create on the soil will require a force equal at least to ten pounds more than is necessary. These ten pounds bearing on a horse all day amount to about as much as plowing an entire acre in a twenty-acre field. Some plows are much heavier.

All these matters should be well examined in purchasing any tools; and such as are in frequnt or constant use require more care in selection than such as are rarely employed; and more care should be given the form and strength of those parts that have a quick vibratory motion, where momentum must be continually created and arrested, than in such as have a continuous or revolving motion. As human strength is more valuable than horse or steam power, hand tools should be selected with particular care, and light and effective as well as durable ones, preferred to big and clumsy, especially if they are in daily use.

Where the efficiency of a tool depends entirely on the momentum which may be given to it, a different rule applies, as with a hammer, which must have a weight corresponding with its intended use. A heavy hammer would not drive a small, slender nail, but would bend or double it; while the quick blow of a light hammer would accomplish the desired purpose. On the other hand a large spike could not be driven with a light hammer. Rivet-heads are spread only with the quick blows of a light hammer, in the same way that a stake or post has its head battered and split with a light ax. A heavy pounder is required for a heavy post. A tack-hammer would make no impression on it, whatever might be the vigor with which it is used.—*Country Gentleman.*

THE horrible nauseous worm-seed vermifuges and worm syrups have had their day. It's downright cruelty to compel a child to take them when McDonald's Celebrated Worm Powders are so easy and pleasant to take that children take them and never know a medicine is being administered.—Can be procured at any drug store for the small sum of 25 cents.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia Agents.

WHEN your children are threatened with croup or whooping-cough, beware how you lull them to sleep with cough syrups whose principal ingredients are morphia or opium. The natural effort of the lungs to expel the suffocating mucus is cough-ing. Dr. Kessler's Celebrated English Cough Medicine contains no morphia or opium in any form, and by its stimulating actions on the kidneys, bowels, and pores of the skin, more than any other remedy, assists Nature in breaking up and expelling the worst colds from the system. Money refunded to dissatisfied purchasers. Sold everywhere.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia Agents.

The Most Remarkable Case of all.

A gentleman writes us from Philipsburg, Centre Co., Pa., that his little girl was horribly afflicted with scrofula. Her body was full of sores, ears discharging continually thick yellow putrid matter, and her eyes so swollen and inflamed as to be almost blind. *One bottle* McDonald's Blood Purifier has to all appearances entirely cured her. Our neighbors as well as ourselves consider it a remarkable cure.

A bonafide case. The address of the family can be obtained from the editor of this paper.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia Agents.

Wanted.

The worst case in Cambria county of scrofula, erysipelas, tetter or blood disease of any nature, inherited or acquired, to purchase one bottle of McDonald's great blood purifier or sarsaparillian alternative, use as directed and if not benefitted many times the value of its cost, your money will be returned. Johnston, Holloway & Co., Philadelphia agents. Sold by E. James, Ebensburg. [5-9.-1y.*]

No Griping, No Drastic Purging.

Take two or three McDonald's Improved Liver Pills for first dose and follow with one pill every night at bedtime. So quietly and surely will they correct a torpid or disordered Liver and will regulate the bowels, that you will feel like a new person by the time you have taken one box. Money returned to dissatisfied buyers.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia Agents.

That

feeling of mental dullness, that troublesome bilious headache, fastidiousness as to food, and weary aching pain in the small of the back can all be gotten rid of by using one box of McDonald's Improved Liver Pills.

Dissatisfied buyers can have their money refunded. JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, "Agents." [5-9,-1y.*]

The Great Zingari.

For toothache and neuralgia has no equal. Warranted. Only 15 cents at all drug stores. Johnston, Holloway & Co., Philadelphia Agents.

1885. 1885.

THE WEEKLY POST

Under a Democratic National Administration.

The Will of the People Vindicated and the Great Wrong Righted.

THE PITTSBURG WEEKLY POST

congratulates its Democratic readers on the dawn of a new year, under conditions that have not existed for a quarter of a century—

"Ring out the old, ring in the new,
Ring out the false, ring in the true."

Cleveland and Hendricks have been elected. After the fourth of March there will be a Democratic administration at Washington, with great possibilities for the progress, prosperity and advancement of the country.

As THE POST has labored unceasingly for twenty-five years for these glorious results, so it will extend to the new administration a hearty greeting and a cordial support in the re-establishment of principles and policies vital to the public welfare, by reforming abuses, righting wrongs and asserting the supremacy of the Democratic faith. We are on the threshhold of important events and great changes. To a Democrat who sided in Cleveland's election, the future is full of interest and hope.

THE WEEKLY POST will aim to keep fully abreast of the times in everything relating to the incoming administration. Its policy at home and abroad will be intelligently discussed, generously supported or candidly and kindly criticised. No year in the history of this journal promises to be so replete with matters of interest to Democrats as the one which we are about to enter. The meeting of Congress, the declaration of the Presidential vote, the inauguration, the new Cabinet, the changes in the public service, the *opening up of the books*, all are of great concern. THE WEEKLY POST will furnish the earliest intelligence, with judicious comment from the old Democratic standpoint. Success will not hamper it any more than a quarter of a century of defeat impaired its energies.

The session of the Legislature, with a Reform Governor opposed by a Republican majority, promises to be fruitful of interest and exciting incident. The coming session of Congress will be even more interesting in its broader field. In all its varied Departments, THE WEEKLY POST will aim at excellence and reliability. Its literary, miscellaneous, news and local departments will be maintained in their utmost efficiency, while its market reports will be prepared with greater care and precision than ever before and made absolutely reliable.

Now the time for Democrats everywhere to take hold, cement and strengthen the party and its chosen representatives, by extending the circulation of Democratic papers. We are no longer on the defensive—we are done with a eulogizing—the party to day stands for a majority of the American people, and in a few weeks it will be called on to administer the general Government. Truth is mighty and has prevailed.

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1885.

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Ebensburg, October 24, 1884.

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GUNS BIG SALE--$11.25. The Marshal will now sell the BANKRUPT STOCK of a large Fire Arms Company, the CELEBRATED REPEATING PISTOL GRIP, GENUINE ENGLISH HAMMERLESS GUN, Double Barrel, BREECH-LOADING SHOT GUNS, Winchester, Ballard and other improvements, only $11.25 each. Will Rifle at 100 yards, and shoot as true as any $40 gun made. Best Brass Shells, $2 per 100. Primers, Powder, Shot, &c., per set; Fine Steel Rifles, $5.50 each. $2.25, $2.50 and $3 Nickel plated Revolvers at $1.00 each. All goods warranted new and perfect. Guide gave money. Send for price list. Buy now and order by express; small C. O. D. Send money in registered mail or money order to JOHN McDONOUGH, City Marshal, 291 Broadway, New York.

CONSUMPTION. Have you a cough? If so, why not use a remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Newspapers. 100-Page Pamphlet, 10c.

WINTER QUARTERS FOR STOCK.

The use and value of farm horses are often greatly reduced by a want of proper arrangements for stabling them.—Any kind of a place to crowd the poor beasts in is often thought to be good enough, and the air in some places is so filthy from bad odors that the harness is often rotted by it. A horse's lungs and eyes cannot fail to suffer in such an atmosphere, when tanned leather and varnish are spoiled. No doubt a good deal of disease among horses is due to this. A horse sees on one side only with each eye, and a side light from a window strains the eyes unequally. The light should come into a stable directly before a horse and should not be too bright. If the window cannot be on the north side it should be covered with lime-wash to mellow the light; but the stable should never be wholly dark. A stable should be airy and well ventilated, but not subject to drafts; a draft upon a horse yet warm with work will surely injure him, and if it does nothing worse, it will stiffen him in a few days. A few such mistakes will ruin any horse.

The *American Agriculturalist*, on the same general subject, says an abundance of light in the shelter provided for stock in winter is a point that should not be overlooked, for darkness is as injurious to animals as it is to plants. Human beings spending much of their time in dark tenements are pale, sickly, and dwarfed. Confining the lower animals in dark quarters has a similar effect—retarding growth and reducing vigor. Much of the blindness among horses is caused by their being brought suddenly out of a dark stable into the strong sunlight, which is especially trying when it is reflected from the snow. The openings in shelters are closed with boards or straw, "to keep out the cold." Unfortunately this keeps out the light also, so that a majority of the stables in this country are dark for three fourths of the time during which animals are confined there. This is all right in the night, but during the daytime the stable should be as light as a dwelling, and made so in the same manner—by glass windows. A few panes of glass will not cost much, and a more profitable investment can not be made. Shutting up shelters so closely, also shuts out the pure air. Leave a wide crevice under the eaves. The inside impure air becomes heated and lighter as it becomes foul, and will rise and pass out at this crevice, while the pure air outside, being colder and heavier, will enter. The animals will have pure air, and no blasts will strike directly on their bodies. Leaving openings in the roof, and building small houses (often improperly called cupolas) with lattice-work sides, is a splendid way to ventilate a barn or stable, and improve the looks of the building.—*N. Y. Observer.*

THERE never has been offered the people of Cambria county a medicine so deserving of praise and patronage as McDonald's celebrated Worm Powders. They combine the three most desirable points in any remedy viz; Smallness of dose, easiness to take and effectiveness. They are positively the greatest worm destroyer of the age. Many children suffer continually and finally die, their parents never dreaming that their stomachs are infested and eaten through with worms. Twenty-five cents invested in a box of McDonalds celebrated Worm Powders would have saved the little sufferer's life and given back its rosy cheeks and blooming health. Any case of failure to cause repulsion where worms exist, the money promptly refunded. Sold by E. James, Ebensburg.

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FITS.—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and even Asthma *immediately* relieved by Acker's English Remedy. Sold under guarantee by E. James.

A COLD of unusual severety which I took last autumn developed into a difficulty decidedly catarrhal in all its characteristics, threatening a return of my old chronic malady, catarrah. One bottle of Ely's Cream Balm completely eradicated every symptom of that painful and prevailing disorder.—E. W. Warner, 165 Hudson St., Rochester.

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The attention of buyers is respectfully invited to my large stock of

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CONSISTING OF

Parlor and Chamber Suits, WARDROBES, SIDEBOARDS, Centre, Extension and Breakfast Tables, CHAIRS, CUPBOARDS, SINKS, BED SPRING MATTRESSES,

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of all kind of Furniture, Chairs, Lounges, &c. promptly and satisfactorily attended to. Ware room on High street, opposite the Congregational church. Please call and examine goods whether you wish to purchase or not.

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Ebensburg, April 18, 1884.-1y.

1794. 1883.

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1794

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IMPORTANCE OF BULK IN FOOD.

Although the presence of a sufficient quantity of nutritive matters in food is naturally the most fundamental matter for consideration, its bulk is hardly less important. The function of digestion requires that the food shall properly fill the stomach; and however large the supply of nutritive matters may be, their effect is imperfectly brought out if the food be too small in bulk, and it actually becomes more valuable if it is diluted with woody fibre or some other inert substance. On the other hand, if a food be too bulky the sense of repletion causes the animal to cease eating long before it has obtained a sufficient supply of nutritive matter. It is most necessary, therefore, to study the bulk of food, and to consider how to mix the different substances in such a manner as to adjust the proportion of nutritive matter to their bulk. If we examine the nature of the mixed foods most in vogue among feeders, it will be most generally found that a very bulky food is combined with another of opposite properties. Hence roots, the most bulky of all foods, are used along with oil-cake or bean meal; and if from any circumstances, it becomes necessary to replace a large amount of roots by the latter substance, the deficient bulk must replaced by hay or straw.—*Boston Herald.*

HOW TO KEEP BREEDING MARES.—Brood mares are among the most profitable animals owned by the farmer, if they are good ones, and bred to good horses, otherwise, they should not be kept at all. While admitting that there are circumstances under which it may be profitable to keep a poor horse, it certainly never pays to raise one. A brood mare should be used regularly and kindly until the time of her foaling, and generally both she and her foal will be the better of it. She should, however, if so used, be well fed, and not have too much corn for some time before foaling, two months if possible. She should be loose at night, and, if not used, in the the daytime also. Mares in the latter stages of pregnancy are very liable to be taken with violent pains, and if loose they will generally get relief by rolling. I have known some cases where loss of the colt and death of the mare resulted from her struggles when tied in a stall. Shortly after the birth of the colt, she may be worked, but not to excess, and she should not be too much blamed if she objects to working at this time, for many very good tempered mares object to leaving their young, especially for the first few times. When the colt is from four to six months old, it may be weaned. The mare should be carefully attended to until her milk dries up, as at this time she will be weak, and should be well fed and kindly treated.—*American Agriculturist.*

"Like Hot Cakes."

The above is an old-time expression and nearly as "old as the hills," but yet it is occasionally brought into good use, and placed in a position where it counts and adds great weight to the words accompanying it. This is true in the following testimonial sent by Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., by Messrs. Parrett & Son, druggists, of Greenfield, Ohio, who say:

"Send us some more advertising matter. Your medicine is selling like hot cakes.—Send us a good supply, for we need it badly."

Those men know when they handle a good thing. Judging from the above, Peruna and Manalin must be in good demand to that country. Being composed purely of vegetable ingredients druggists feel safe in recommending them to their friends.—Send for the pamphlet on the "Ills of Life."

"I DON'T FEEL WELL!" The stomach is out of order; neglected, this often leads to chronic dyspepsia. You should take Pleton, which is nothing but Dyspepsia Tablets and avoid this distressing and dangerous disease. Sold by E. James.

A WEAK BACK, with a weary aching lameness over the hips is a sign of diseased kidneys. Use the best kidney curative known which is Burdock Blood Bitters.

CATARRH.—For twenty years I was a sufferer from catarrh of the head and throat. By a few applications of Ely's Cream Balm I received decided benefit—was cured by one bottle.—Charlotte Parker, Waverly, N. Y.

ACKER'S Dyspepsia Tablets never fail.

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UNDERTAKER,
And Manufacturer and Dealer in
HOME AND CITY MADE
FURNITURE!
PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,
LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS,
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Altoona, April 16, 1880.-tf.

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PROTECTION MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMP'NY
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Premium Notes now in force - $160,000
Only 7 Assessments in 28 Years.
Good FARM PROPERTIES
ESPECIALLY DESIRED.
NO STEAM RISKS TAKEN.

GEO. M. READE, President.
T. W. DICK, Secretary.
Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1881.-1y.

NOT DEAD YET

VALLIE LUTTRINGER,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE
AND TIN ROOFING,

Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacturing to order, any article in its line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.

☞ No penitentiary work either made or sold at this establishment.

TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.

Give me a call and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices.

V. LUTTRINGER.

Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

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PATENTS D. C. Lenox, Simpson & Co., Washington No pay asked for patent until obtained. Write for Inventors' Guide. Describe case.

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